Wage Garnishment

After you win your lawsuit and receive a judgment against the other party, your next step is to attempt to collect what you are owed. The court does not collect your judgment for you; you must do it yourself. If the judgment debtor has a job, you may be able to take a portion of their wages until your judgment is paid in full.

Templates and Forms

- Writ of Execution (EJ-100) (http://www.courts.ca.gov/documents/ej130.pdf)
- Application for Earnings Withholding Order (Wage Garnishment) (WG-001) (http://www.courts.ca.gov/documents/wg001.pdf)
- Confidential Statement of Judgment Debtor's Social Security Number (WG-035) (http://www.courts.ca.gov/documents/wg035.pdf)

Under both State (CCP § 706.050 (https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?sectionNum=706.050.&nodeTreePath=5.14.2.5.3&lawCode=CCP)) and Federal (15 USC 1673 (https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/USCODE-2021-title15/pdf/USCODE-2021-title15-chap41-subchapII-sec1673.pdf)) law, judgment creditors may garnish up to 20% of the debtor's disposable earnings (or more, if the debtor earns more than 40 times minimum wage). The 20% is the total for all garnishments, so if another garnishment is already in place, there may not be any funds available for you to collect until other creditors are paid in full. Additionally, you can only garnish wages if a third party employs the debtor; you cannot garnish wages if the debtor is self-employed.

For a complete list of our guides and videos on enforcement of judgments, visit our Enforcing Judgments topic page. (https://saclaw.org/legal_topic/enforcing-a-courts-judgment/)

Step-by-Step Instructions

1 Verify the Judgment Debtor's Address

If you are enforcing a judgment for personal debt, you must verify the judgment debtor's address within 12 months before submitting any papers to the levying officer for service. If this is not a judgment for personal debt, skip to step 2.

If the judgment was entered recently, you likely received documents from the debtor within the last 12 months that show their current address. If not, you must take steps to confirm the debtor's current address. This can be done by, for example, sending a letter by certified mail and keeping the signed return receipt, or by using a commercial address verification service or public records database to obtain an address and then sending a letter by first-class mail that is not returned as undeliverable.

You will need to complete a Declaration of Address Verification (WG-015/EJ-135) (https://courts.ca.gov/system/files/2025-12/ej135.pdf) describing how you verified the debtor's address. Instructions for completing this form are available at the end of this Guide.

2 Obtain a Writ of Execution

To garnish the judgment debtor's wages, you must first obtain a writ of execution from the court. A writ of execution is a court order instructing the Sheriff to enforce your judgment in the county where the assets are located. This may not be the county where the party works, or the county where the judgment was issued.

2.a Complete the Writ of Execution (EJ-130) form

The Judicial Council form used to obtain a writ of execution is:

- Writ of Execution (EJ-130) (http://www.courts.ca.gov/documents/ej130.pdf)

Instructions for completing this form are available at the end of this Guide.

2.b Adding Costs and Interest (optional)

If you want to add additional costs incurred after entry of judgment (e.g., the cost of issuing the writ of execution, levying officers' fees, fees for the debtor's examination, etc.) or accrued interest on your judgment amount, you must file a *Memorandum of Costs after Judgment* (MC-012) with your *Writ of Execution* (EJ-130). You must serve your *Memorandum of Costs after Judgment* (MC-012) on the judgment debtor prior to filing. The judgment debtor has 10 days after service of the *Memorandum of Costs after Judgment* (MC-012) to oppose it by filing a motion to tax costs (CCP § 685.070(c) (http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?sectionNum=685.070.&lawCode=CCP)). For more information on the procedure and forms, see our guide on Memorandum of Costs After Judgment (https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/ej-memorandum-of-costs-after-judgment/) .

2.c Obtain a File-Endorsed Copy of Your Judgment

You will need to provide the court with a file-endorsed (stamped) copy of your judgment. If you do not have one, you may download a copy from the the Sacramento Court's online civil case file (https://prod-portal-sacramento-ca.journaltech.com/public-portal/?q=user/login&destination=node/408) .

2.d File Your Documents

File the following items with the court:

- Writ of Execution (EJ-130) (original + 2 photocopies)
- Memorandum of Costs after Judgment (MC-012), if desired (original + 2 photocopies)
- File-endorsed (stamped) copy of the judgment
- Filing fee (see court fee schedule to determine current fee) (https://www.saccourt.ca.gov/home/showpublisheddocument/219/639084032985130000)
- Self-address stamped envelope

File in the drop box at the Tani G. Cantil-Sakauye Courthouse at 500 G Street, Second Floor, Sacramento CA 95814. Fill out and attach the *Civil Document Drop-Off Sheet* (https://www.saccourt.ca.gov/home/showpublisheddocument/861/639099448674370000) , and date stamp the back of your original documents.

If you filed a *Memorandum of Costs after Judgment* (MC-012) along with your *Writ of Execution* (EJ-130), and your costs are more than $100, the clerk will wait 10 days (15 days, if served by mail) to issue Writ of Execution, to allow the judgment debtor to oppose your costs by filing a Motion to Tax Costs (CCP § 685.070 (http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=CCP&sectionNum=685.070.)). If your costs are less than $100, or if you did not file a Memorandum of Costs, the clerk will issue your Writ immediately. The clerk will return the documents to you by mail. Your *Writ of Execution* (EJ-130) will be valid for 180 days after it is issued.

3 Complete the Application for Earnings Withholding Order

The *Writ of Execution* (EJ-130) simply tells the sheriff to enforce a judgment, but does not specify the method(s) to be used. You must provide the Sheriff's Department with the details of how they are to enforce your judgment. The Judicial Council forms used to have the Sheriff garnish the debtor's wages are:

- Application for Earnings Withholding Order (Wage Garnishment) (WG-001) (http://www.courts.ca.gov/documents/wg001.pdf)
- Confidential Statement of Judgment Debtor's Social Security Number (WG-035) (http://www.courts.ca.gov/documents/wg035.pdf) (if debtor's Social Security Number is known)

Instructions for completing these forms are available at the end of this Guide.

You will also need to complete instructions for the Sheriff:

Request for Sheriff to Serve Court Papers (form SER-001) (https://courts.ca.gov/sites/default/files/courts/default/2024-11/ser001.pdf)

Special Instructions for Writs and Levies (form SER-001A (https://courts.ca.gov/system/files?file=2025-07/ser001a.pdf))

4 Have Your Documents Served

An "Earnings Withholding Order packet" must be served on the employer by a sheriff or registered process server. This packet includes the *Writ of Execution* (EJ-130), which must be

valid at the time it is served on the employer. Be sure to time this properly, so that the packet is not served to the employer more than 180 days after the *Writ of Execution* (EJ-130) is issued. The Sacramento County Sheriff requests that you give them the packet no more than 120 days after the *Writ of Execution* (EJ-130) is issued, so they have enough time to serve the employer before it expires.

To have your documents served by the sheriff, bring the following items to the Sacramento County Sheriff's Civil Division (https://www.sacsheriff.com/pages/civil_bureau.php), 2969 Prospect Park Drive, Suite 200, Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 (telephone: 916-875-2665):

- Original Writ of Execution (EJ-130)
- Original Application for Earnings Withholding Order (WG-001)
- Confidential Statement of Judgment Debtor's Social Security Number (WG-035) (if debtor's Social Security Number is known)
- Declaration of Address Verification (form WG-015/EJ-135**)** if this is a personal debt case
- Request for Sheriff to Serve Court Papers (form SER-001)
- Special Instructions for Writs and Levies (form SER-001A)
- Cash or check for service fee (see the department's fee schedule for current charges). (https://www.sacsheriff.com/documents/civil/FEE%20SCHEDULE%20-%202025.pdf)

The Sacramento County Sheriff will provide copies of the additional required documents, including:

- Earnings Withholding Order (WG-002)
- Employer's Return (Wage Garnishment) (WG-005)
- Employee Instructions (Wage Garnishment) (WG-003)

Within 10 days of providing these documents to the Sheriff, you must file your Declaration of Address Verification (WG-015/EJ-135) with the court.

The Sheriff will issue the Earnings Withholding Order (WG-002) based on your application. They will note the Levying Officer's file number on the order – keep track of this number, so you can to track the status of your file at the Sacramento County Sheriff's Office (https://www.sacsheriff.com/pages/civil_bureau.php) through the E-Services Portal. (https://civil.sacsheriff.com/sheriff.portal)

The Employer will complete and sign the Employer's Return (Wage Garnishment) (WG-005), and give it to the Sheriff, who will mail it to you. At the end of the process, you will have a "packet"

for your files, which will include:

- Writ of Execution (EJ-130)
- Application for Earnings Withholding Order (Wage Garnishment) (WG-001)
- Earnings Withholding Order (WG-002)
- Employer's Return (WG-005)
- Employee Instructions (WG-003)

If served outside Sacramento County, check with the local Sheriff to determine if they will provide these documents.

If you hire a registered process server to serve your documents, contact the server to determine their fees, what documents you must provide, and any additional information they will require.

Only the Sheriff can issue the Earnings Withholding Order, so a process server will need to first obtain the Order from the Sheriff, then serve the Earnings Withholding Order packet on the employer, and return the appropriate documentation, along with your fee, to the Sheriff, who is responsible for collecting and disbursing funds. Therefore, it is more practical for most litigants to have the Sheriff handle the entire procedure. All steps can be completed by the Sheriff for just a single fee. When a process server is used, the litigant is responsible for paying the Sheriff's fee, plus the process server's fee.

For the purposes of this guide, we will assume the Sheriff is handling the entire process.

5 Wait for Response from the Debtor, if Any

Under state and federal law, some types of income and property are exempt from garnishment. If the judgment debtor believes his or her wages are exempt, the debtor has 10 days after receiving notice from his or her employer about the *Earnings Withholding Order* (WG-002) to file a *Claim of Exemption* (WG-006) with the Sheriff's Department to prevent the garnishment from beginning. The judgment debtor may file a *Claim of Exemption* (WG-006) at any time, but the wages already garnished will not be returned. The Sheriff's Department will mail the judgment creditor a *Notice of Filing of Claim of Exemption* (WG-008), along with a copy of the judgment debtor's *Claim of Exemption* (WG-006) and *Financial Statement* (WG-007).

6 Oppose the Claim of Exemption, if Appropriate

Be sure to review the judgment debtor's *Claim of Exemption* (WG-006) and *Financial Statement* (WG-007) carefully, to determine if you agree whether the funds are exempt from collection. You can read about most of these exemptions in *Exemptions from the Enforcement of Judgments* (EJ-155). An adaptation of the Exemptions list, with hyperlinks to the applicable code sections, is available on the Law Library's website. (https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/exemption-from-the-enforcement-of-judgments/) If you agree that the funds are exempt, you do not need to do anything. After 10 days, the exemptions are automatically granted and the funds claimed exempt will be returned to the debtor.

If the judgment debtor does not file a *Claim of Exemption* (WG-006), skip to Step 7.

If you do not believe the funds are exempt from collection, and decide to oppose the claim of exemption, you must act quickly. There is an extremely tight turnaround on the deadlines for oppositions.

6.a Determine when to schedule your hearing.

You, as the person filing the opposition, are responsible for selecting the hearing date. The timing for opposing a Claim of Exemption can be very tricky. There are three different time periods you have to consider, all of which may overlap.

Your *Notice of Opposition to Claim of Exemption* (WG-009/EJ-170) must be served on the judgment debtor, given to the levying officer and filed with the court within 10 calendar days after the Sheriff mails you the judgment debtor's *Notice of Filing of Claim of Exemption* (WG-008) (CCP § 706.105(d), (e) (http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=CCP&sectionNum=706.105.)).

Your *Notice of Opposition to Claim of Exemption* (WG-009/EJ-170) and *Notice of Hearing on Claim of Exemption* (WG-010/EJ-175) must be filed with the court, given to the levying officer and served on the judgment debtor at least 16 court days before your hearing. If served by mail, add 5 calendar days (CCP § 1005 (http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=CCP&sectionNum=1005.)).

MAY

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11 Sheriff Mails COE	12 Day 1
13 Day 2	14 Day 3	15 Day 4	16 Day 5	17 Day 6	18 Day 7	19 Day 8
20 Day 9	21 Day 10 Last day to file & serve	22 Day 1	23 Day 2	24 Day 5 Day 3	25 Day 4 Day 4	26 Day 3 Day 5
27 Day 2 Day 6	28 Day 1 Holiday Day 7	29 Day 16 Day 8	30 Day 15 Day 9	31 Day 14 Day 10		

JUNE

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
					1 Day 13 Day 11	2 Day 12
3 Day 13	4 Day 12 Day 14	5 Day 11 Day 15	6 Day 10 Day 16	7 Day 9 Day 17	8 Day 8 Day 18	9 Day 19
10 Day 20	11 Day 7 Day 21	12 Day 6 Day 22	13 Day 5 Day 23	14 Day 4 Day 24	15 Day 3 Day 25	16 Day 26
17 Day 27	18 Day 2 Day 28	19 Day 1 Day 29	20 Hearing Date Day 30	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Your hearing must be held within 30 calendar days of filing your *Notice of Opposition to Claim of Exemption* (WG-009/EJ-170) (CCP § 706.105(e) (http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=CCP&sectionNum=706.105.)).

For example, let's say the Sheriff mails the Notice of Claim of Exemption to you on May 11th. You have 10 days to serve your opposition to the sheriff and judgment debtor, and file it with the court. The last day to file your opposition is May 21st (shown in Green above). Your hearing must be held within 30 days of filing, so if you file on May 21st, the last day for your hearing is June 20th (shown in Blue above).

Now comes the tricky part. As the party making this motion, you are responsible for selecting the hearing date. You may select any date that is convenient for you, as long as it provides the minimum required notice to the judgment debtor. CCP § 1005 (http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=CCP&sectionNum=1005.) requires you to provide 16 **court** days' notice. If you serve your documents by mail within California, you must add 5 **calendar** days. These days are counted backwards from the hearing date. CCP § 12c (http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=CCP&sectionNum=12c.) . The court dates that will allow you to provide the required amount of notice will typically fall near the end of your 30 day window to have the hearing. In this example, we will be using June 20th as our desired hearing

date. You may have to check several dates until you find one that will work for your situation.

To confirm that a hearing date will allow sufficient notice, count backward (CCP § 12c (http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=CCP&sectionNum=12c.)) 16 **court** days (shown in Red above). Day one is the day before the hearing date (June 19th). Do not count weekends or court holidays (there is only one court holiday in this example, which is Memorial Day, May 28th). May 29th is the 16th court day. This is the last day to serve your documents if personally served. If your documents are served by first-class mail, additional time is added to the calculation, depending on where the mail originates and where it is sent (CCP § 1005 (http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=CCP&sectionNum=1005.)). For example, if the documents are mailed from California to an address in California, five **calendar** days are added before the sixteen court days. Calendar days include weekends and holidays, but if the final day lands on a weekend or holiday, it is rolled over to the previous court day. Counting backward 5 calendar days makes the last date for service May 24th (shown in Purple above). However, this date is after the 10 day window for service after mailing of the Notice of Claim of Exemption (requiring service to be made by May 21st). So if you filed and served your *Notice of Hearing on Claim of Exemption* and *Notice of Opposition to Claim of Exemption* (WG-009/EJ-170) on May 21st , you will have provided sufficient notice for a hearing on June 20th.

In the previous example, we filed and served our documents on the same day (May 21st). Filing and service do not have to occur on the same day; there are often advantages to doing these steps separately. Let's say instead you wanted your hearing on June 19th. Counting backward 16 court days plus 5 calendar days makes the last day for service May 18th (the 5th day is May 20th, a Sunday, so the last day for service is the previous court day, Friday May 18th). However, you could not file your papers on the 18th, because that would make the final date for your hearing June 18th (the 30th day is June 17th, but rolls to the next court day). Your June 19th hearing would be too late. In a situation like this, you may want to consider serving your documents on the earlier date (May 18th) so you give proper notice, and waiting until the later date (May 21st) to file them with the court.



To give yourself the widest window to have your hearing:

- Serve your opposition early in the 10 day window. Since your hearing date requires you to provide 16 court days' plus 5 calendar days' notice, the earlier you serve your documents, the earlier your first possible hearing date.
- File your opposition with the court late in your 10 day window. The last possible date for your hearing is 30 calendar days after filing your Notice of Opposition with the court. The later you file with the court, the later your final possible hearing date will be.

If you wait until the last day to serve and file your documents, you may find that there is only one possible day to have your hearing!

6.b Determining the Department to Hear and the Time of the Motion

In Sacramento, Oppositions to Claims of Exemption are heard in the "Civil Home Court" department assigned to the case, which will be department 8C, 8D, 16C, or 16D. Check your case file online (https://prod-portal-sacramento-ca.journaltech.com/public-portal/) to find which department your case is assigned to.

Effective April 13, 2026: Department 25 changed Department 8D; Department 28 changed to Department 8C; Department 53 changed to Department 16D; and Department 54 changed to Department 16C of the Tani G. Cantil-Sakauye Courthouse (500 G Street).

6.c Reserve your Hearing Date

In the Civil Home Departments, you must reserve a court date through the court's online reservation system. For other departments, contact the department clerk to determine the procedure.

To use the online system, go to the Sacramento Court Public Portal (https://prod-portal-sacramento-ca.journaltech.com/public-portal/) and choose "Reservation System (CRS)." You must have a free account on the system to use it.

6.d File and Serve your Documents

The *Notice of Filing of Claim of Exemption* (WG-008) provides detailed instructions for filing and serving your *Notice of Opposition to Claim of Exemption* (WG-009/EJ-170) and *Notice of Hearing on Claim of Exemption* (WG-010/EJ-175). Be sure to follow the instructions carefully.

You must include notice of the tentative ruling system with your documents. You can create your own notice on pleading paper using the language for this notice available from the Sacramento County Superior Court's website at Local Rules, rule 1.06 (1.06 Posting of Civil Tentative Rulings (https://www.saccourt.ca.gov/general-information/local-rules-standing-orders)).

7 Check Your Tentative Ruling

Sacramento Superior Court uses a Tentative Ruling System. Pursuant to Local Rule 1.06 (https://www.saccourt.ca.gov/general-information/local-rules-standing-orders) , the court will make a tentative ruling on the merits of your matter by 2:00 p.m. the court day before the hearing. You may read the tentative ruling online, or may call (916) 874-7858 or (916) 874-7848) to hear it.

In the tentative ruling, the judge will determine what funds, if any, are exempt from collection. The ruling will typically order the release of non-exempt funds to the creditor, and order the continued garnishment of non-exempt funds.

If you are happy with the tentative ruling, you do not need to do anything. You won't have to go to court unless ordered to appear in the tentative ruling or unless the other side calls you and the court between 2:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. the court day before your hearing date to request an oral argument in front of the judge. If that happens, you should go to the court hearing and be prepared to argue your case.

You can present arguments in front of the judge. To do so, call the Law and Motion Oral Argument Request Line for the department hearing the objection. You must also contact all opposing counsel and/or self-represented parties before 4:00 p.m. to let them know that you are requesting oral argument on the motion.

Oral Argument Request Lines in the Civil Home Court Departments are:

Department 8C: 916-874-8380

Department 8D: 916-874-7719

Department 16C: 916-874-1475

Department 16D: 916-874-3056

If neither you nor the opposing counsel or self-represented party requests oral argument, the court will simply make the tentative ruling the order of the court, and no oral argument will be permitted.

For information on how to view the tentative ruling online, see Public Portal (https://prod-portal-sacramento-ca.journaltech.com/public-portal/) from the Sacramento County Superior Court's website.

8 Sheriff Will Release Funds to You

The Earnings Withholding Order remains in effect, and the sheriff will continue to collect on it, until your judgment is fully satisfied, released, or expires (10 years after entry, unless you renew

it), or until the debtor's employment is terminated. If the debtor changes jobs, you will need to set up a new wage garnishment.

The sheriff will collect the appropriate amount from each paycheck. A check will be mailed to you at the address shown on the *Application for Earnings Withholding Order (Wage Garnishment)* (WG-001) within 10 days after the funds are collected.

For Help

SH@LL (Self-Help at the Law Library) **(https://saclaw.org/services/civil-self-help/)**
609 9th Street, Sacramento CA 95814
(916) 476-2731 (Appointment Request Line)

Services Provided: SH@LL provides general information and basic assistance to self-represented litigants on a variety of legal issues. All assistance is provided by telephone. Visit "What we can help with (https://saclaw.org/services/civil-self-help/#canhelp)" for a list of qualifying cases.

Eligibility: Must be a Sacramento County resident or have a qualifying case (https://saclaw.org/services/civil-self-help/#who) in the Sacramento County Superior Court.

For More Information

On the Web:

California Courts Self-Help Website – Collect Your Judgment **(http://www.courts.ca.gov/1014.htm)**

Enforcement of Judgments **(https://www.saclaw.org/learn/self-help-videos/?title=&type=3730)**
This four-part video series from the Sacramento County Public Law Library's Civil Self Help Center covers the most successful methods of collection, including obtaining an earnings withholding order and bank levy.

California Forms of Pleading and Practice () KFC 1010 .A65 C3 (Ready Reference)
Electronic Access: On the Law Library's computers, using Lexis Advance.

California Practice Guide: Enforcing Judgments and Debts KFC 1065 .A9 S3

Debt Collection Practice in California KFC 256 .C83
Electronic Access: On the Law Library's computers, using *OnLaw.*

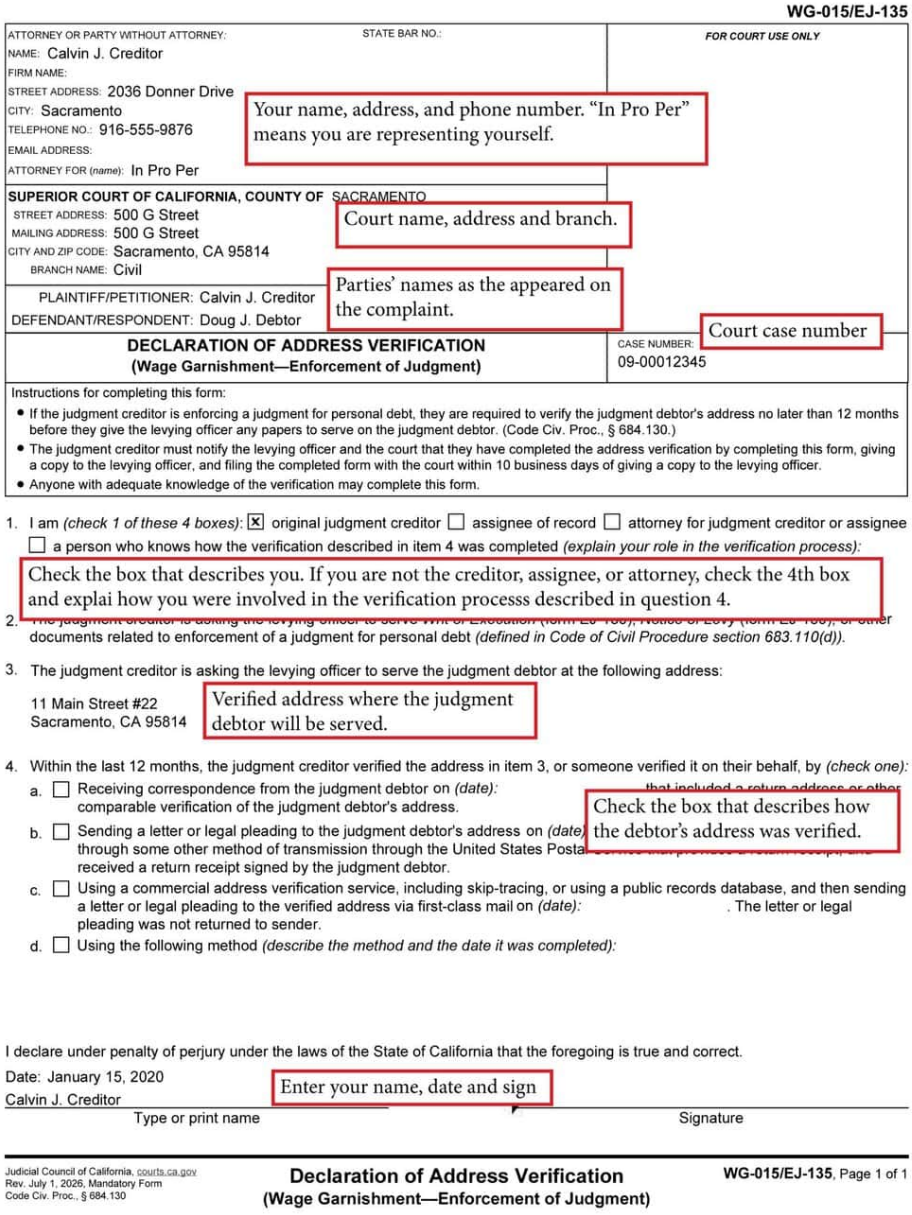
Enforcing Civil Money Judgments KFC 1065 .C34
Electronic Access: On the Law Library's computers, using *OnLaw.*

How to Collect When You Win a Lawsuit in California KFC 1065 .Z9 H69 (Reference)

Matthew Bender Practice Guide: California Debt Collection and Enforcement of Judgments KFC 1065 .E5 M38
Electronic Access: On the Law Library's computers, using *Lexis Advance.*

Samples

Declaration of Address Verification



WG-015/EJ-135

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY: STATE BAR NO.: FOR COURT USE ONLY
NAME: Calvin J. Creditor
FIRM NAME:
STREET ADDRESS: 2036 Donner Drive
CITY: Sacramento
TELEPHONE NO.: 916-555-9876
EMAIL ADDRESS:
ATTORNEY FOR (name): In Pro Per

Your name, address, and phone number. "In Pro Per" means you are representing yourself.

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO
STREET ADDRESS: 500 G Street
MAILING ADDRESS: 500 G Street
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Sacramento, CA 95814
BRANCH NAME: Civil

Court name, address and branch.

PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: Calvin J. Creditor
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: Doug J. Debtor

Parties' names as the appeared on the complaint.

DECLARATION OF ADDRESS VERIFICATION
(Wage Garnishment—Enforcement of Judgment)

CASE NUMBER: 09-00012345

Court case number

Instructions for completing this form:
- If the judgment creditor is enforcing a judgment for personal debt, they are required to verify the judgment debtor's address no later than 12 months before they give the levying officer any papers to serve on the judgment debtor. (Code Civ. Proc., § 684.130.)
- The judgment creditor must notify the levying officer and the court that they have completed the address verification by completing this form, giving a copy to the levying officer, and filing the completed form with the court within 10 business days of giving a copy to the levying officer.
- Anyone with adequate knowledge of the verification may complete this form.

1. I am *(check 1 of these 4 boxes)*: ☒ original judgment creditor ☐ assignee of record ☐ attorney for judgment creditor or assignee
   ☐ a person who knows how the verification described in item 4 was completed *(explain your role in the verification process)*:

Check the box that describes you. If you are not the creditor, assignee, or attorney, check the 4th box and explai how you were involved in the verification processs described in question 4.

2. The judgment creditor is asking the levying officer to serve Writ of Execution (form EJ-130), Notice of Levy (form EJ-150), or other documents related to enforcement of a judgment for personal debt *(defined in Code of Civil Procedure section 683.110(d))*.

3. The judgment creditor is asking the levying officer to serve the judgment debtor at the following address:

   11 Main Street #22
   Sacramento, CA 95814

Verified address where the judgment debtor will be served.

4. Within the last 12 months, the judgment creditor verified the address in item 3, or someone verified it on their behalf, by *(check one)*:
   a. ☐ Receiving correspondence from the judgment debtor on *(date)*: that included a return address or other comparable verification of the judgment debtor's address.
   b. ☐ Sending a letter or legal pleading to the judgment debtor's address on *(date)* through some other method of transmission through the United States Postal Service that provides a return receipt, and received a return receipt signed by the judgment debtor.
   c. ☐ Using a commercial address verification service, including skip-tracing, or using a public records database, and then sending a letter or legal pleading to the verified address via first-class mail on *(date)*: . The letter or legal pleading was not returned to sender.
   d. ☐ Using the following method *(describe the method and the date it was completed)*:

Check the box that describes how the debtor's address was verified.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: January 15, 2020

Enter your name, date and sign

Calvin J. Creditor
Type or print name

Signature

Judicial Council of California, courts.ca.gov
Rev. July 1, 2026, Mandatory Form
Code Civ. Proc., § 684.130

Declaration of Address Verification
(Wage Garnishment—Enforcement of Judgment)

WG-015/EJ-135, Page 1 of 1

Writ of Execution

EJ-130

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY: STATE BAR NO.:
NAME: Calvin J. Creditor
FIRM NAME:
STREET ADDRESS: 2036 Donner Dr.
CITY: Sacramento
TELEPHONE NO.: 916-123-4567
EMAIL ADDRESS:
ATTORNEY FOR (name): In Pro Per
☐ ATTORNEY FOR ☒ ORIGINAL JUDGMENT CREDITOR ☐ ASSIGNEE OF RECORD

Your name, address, and phone number. In Pro Per means you're representing yourself. Check the box next to "Original Judgment Creditor."

FOR COURT USE ONLY

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Sacramento
STREET ADDRESS: 500 G Street
MAILING ADDRESS: 500 G Street
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Sacramento, CA 95814
BRANCH NAME: Civil

Court name, address, and branch.

PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: Calvin J. Creditor
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: Doug J. Debtor

Party names as the appeared on the complaint

CASE NUMBER: 34-2015-00123456

Case number

WRIT OF ☒ EXECUTION (Money Judgment) ☐ POSSESSION OF ☐ SALE

Check the box for Execution (Money Judgment).

☒ Limited Civil Case (including Small Claims)
☐ Unlimited Civil Case (including Family and Probate)

Case type

1. **To the Sheriff or Marshal of the County of:** Sacramento
You are directed to enforce the judgment described below with dai

The County where the assets are located (company headquarters for wages).

2. **To any registered process server:** You are authorized to serve this writ only in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure section 699.080 or 715.040.

Enter your name, check Original Judgment Creditor.

3. *(Name):* Calvin J. Creditor
is the ☒ original judgment creditor ☐ assignee of record whose address is shown on this form above the court's name.

4. **Judgment debtor** *(name, type of legal entity if not a natural person, and last known address):*
Doug J. Debtor
11 Main St. 22
Sacramento, CA 95826

Judgment debtor's name and address. If there are multiple judgment debtors, check the second box and list the other debtors on an attached page.

☐ The judgment debtor has additional names that are identified on an affidavit of identity (Code Civ. Proc., § 680.135).
☐ *Check here if there is more than one judgment debtor. List the additional judgment debtors and their last known addresses on an attached sheet of paper labeled "Attachment 4."*

5. **Judgment was entered** on *(date):* May 8, 2016 *21.)*

Date judgment was entered

6. ☐ The judgment has been renewed. *(Complete items 6a and 6b.)*
a. The judgment was renewed on *(dates):*
b. The most recent renewal extended the period of enforce
(1) ☐ 5 years.
(2) ☐ 10 years.

If the judgement has been renewed, enter the date(s) of renewal, and the enforcement period of the most recent renewal. This is listed in question 1 of your EJ-195, Notice of Renewal of Judgment.

7. ☐ A joint debtor was declared bound by the judgment under Code of Civil Procedure sections 989 to 994. *(If item 7 is checked, give information about the joint debtor in item 22.)*

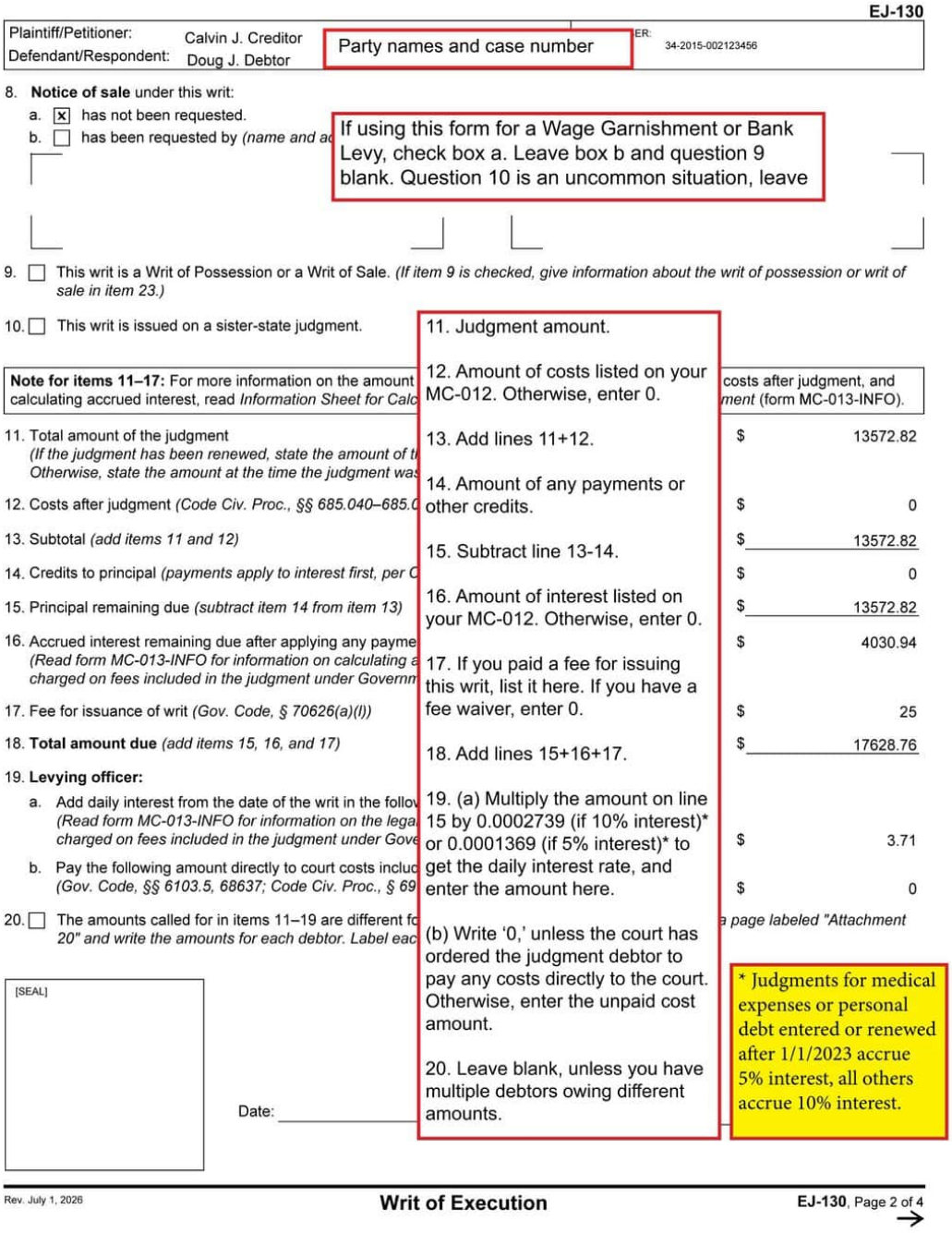
This is uncommon.

NOTICE TO PERSON SERVED: SEE PAGE 4 FOR IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

Judicial Council of California, courts.ca.gov
Rev. July 1, 2026, Optional Form
Code Civ. Proc., §§ 699.520, 712.010, 715.010;
Gov. Code, § 6103.5

Writ of Execution

EJ-130, Page 1 of 4



EJ-130

Plaintiff/Petitioner: Calvin J. Creditor
Defendant/Respondent: Doug J. Debtor

Party names and case number

ER: 34-2015-002123456

8. **Notice of sale** under this writ:
   a. [x] has not been requested.
   b. [ ] has been requested by *(name and ac*

If using this form for a Wage Garnishment or Bank Levy, check box a. Leave box b and question 9 blank. Question 10 is an uncommon situation, leave

9. [ ] This writ is a Writ of Possession or a Writ of Sale. *(If item 9 is checked, give information about the writ of possession or writ of sale in item 23.)*

10. [ ] This writ is issued on a sister-state judgment.

11. Judgment amount.

12. Amount of costs listed on your MC-012. Otherwise, enter 0.

13. Add lines 11+12.

14. Amount of any payments or other credits.

15. Subtract line 13-14.

16. Amount of interest listed on your MC-012. Otherwise, enter 0.

17. If you paid a fee for issuing this writ, list it here. If you have a fee waiver, enter 0.

18. Add lines 15+16+17.

19. (a) Multiply the amount on line 15 by 0.0002739 (if 10% interest)* or 0.0001369 (if 5% interest)* to get the daily interest rate, and enter the amount here.

(b) Write '0,' unless the court has ordered the judgment debtor to pay any costs directly to the court. Otherwise, enter the unpaid cost amount.

20. Leave blank, unless you have multiple debtors owing different amounts.

Note for items 11–17: For more information on the amount ... costs after judgment, and calculating accrued interest, read *Information Sheet for Calc ... ment* (form MC-013-INFO).

11. Total amount of the judgment *(If the judgment has been renewed, state the amount of t ... Otherwise, state the amount at the time the judgment was*	$ 13572.82
12. Costs after judgment *(Code Civ. Proc., §§ 685.040–685.0*	$ 0
13. Subtotal *(add items 11 and 12)*	$ 13572.82
14. Credits to principal *(payments apply to interest first, per C*	$ 0
15. Principal remaining due *(subtract item 14 from item 13)*	$ 13572.82
16. Accrued interest remaining due after applying any payme ... *(Read form MC-013-INFO for information on calculating a ... charged on fees included in the judgment under Governm*	$ 4030.94
17. Fee for issuance of writ *(Gov. Code, § 70626(a)(l))*	$ 25
18. **Total amount due** *(add items 15, 16, and 17)*	$ 17628.76
19. **Levying officer:**	
a. Add daily interest from the date of the writ in the follov ... *(Read form MC-013-INFO for information on the lega ... charged on fees included in the judgment under Gove*	$ 3.71
b. Pay the following amount directly to court costs includ ... *(Gov. Code, §§ 6103.5, 68637; Code Civ. Proc., § 69*	$ 0

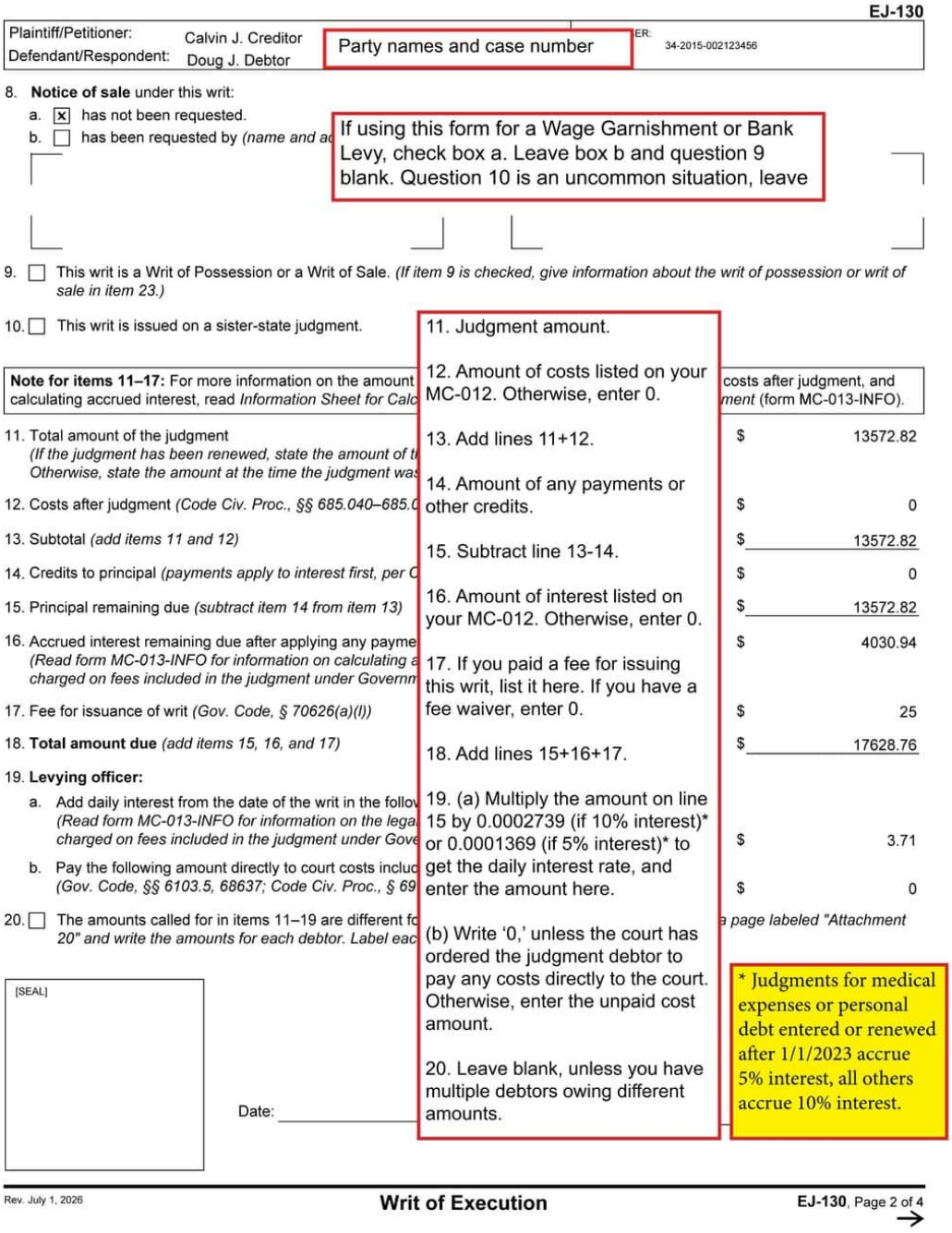
20. [ ] The amounts called for in items 11–19 are different fo ... a page labeled "Attachment 20" and write the amounts for each debtor. Label eac

* Judgments for medical expenses or personal debt entered or renewed after 1/1/2023 accrue 5% interest, all others accrue 10% interest.

[SEAL]

Date:

Rev. July 1, 2026 **Writ of Execution** **EJ-130**, Page 2 of 4



EJ-130

Plaintiff/Petitioner: Calvin J. Creditor
Defendant/Respondent: Doug J. Debtor

Party names and case number

ER: 34-2015-002123456

8. **Notice of sale** under this writ:
   a. [x] has not been requested.
   b. [ ] has been requested by *(name and ac*

If using this form for a Wage Garnishment or Bank Levy, check box a. Leave box b and question 9 blank. Question 10 is an uncommon situation, leave

9. [ ] This writ is a Writ of Possession or a Writ of Sale. *(If item 9 is checked, give information about the writ of possession or writ of sale in item 23.)*

10. [ ] This writ is issued on a sister-state judgment.

Note for items 11–17: For more information on the amount ... costs after judgment, and calculating accrued interest, read *Information Sheet for Calc* ...*ment* (form MC-013-INFO).

11. Total amount of the judgment *(If the judgment has been renewed, state the amount of t... Otherwise, state the amount at the time the judgment was*	$	13572.82
12. Costs after judgment *(Code Civ. Proc., §§ 685.040–685.0*	$	0
13. Subtotal *(add items 11 and 12)*	$	13572.82
14. Credits to principal *(payments apply to interest first, per C*	$	0
15. Principal remaining due *(subtract item 14 from item 13)*	$	13572.82
16. Accrued interest remaining due after applying any payme... *(Read form MC-013-INFO for information on calculating a... charged on fees included in the judgment under Governm*	$	4030.94
17. Fee for issuance of writ *(Gov. Code, § 70626(a)(l))*	$	25
18. **Total amount due** *(add items 15, 16, and 17)*	$	17628.76
19. **Levying officer:**		
a. Add daily interest from the date of the writ in the follo... *(Read form MC-013-INFO for information on the lega... charged on fees included in the judgment under Gove*	$	3.71
b. Pay the following amount directly to court costs includ... *(Gov. Code, §§ 6103.5, 68637; Code Civ. Proc., § 69*	$	0

20. [ ] The amounts called for in items 11–19 are different fo... ...a page labeled "Attachment 20" and write the amounts for each debtor. Label eac...

[SEAL]

Date: _____

11. Judgment amount.

12. Amount of costs listed on your MC-012. Otherwise, enter 0.

13. Add lines 11+12.

14. Amount of any payments or other credits.

15. Subtract line 13-14.

16. Amount of interest listed on your MC-012. Otherwise, enter 0.

17. If you paid a fee for issuing this writ, list it here. If you have a fee waiver, enter 0.

18. Add lines 15+16+17.

19. (a) Multiply the amount on line 15 by 0.0002739 (if 10% interest)* or 0.0001369 (if 5% interest)* to get the daily interest rate, and enter the amount here.

(b) Write '0,' unless the court has ordered the judgment debtor to pay any costs directly to the court. Otherwise, enter the unpaid cost amount.

20. Leave blank, unless you have multiple debtors owing different amounts.

* Judgments for medical expenses or personal debt entered or renewed after 1/1/2023 accrue 5% interest, all others accrue 10% interest.

Rev. July 1, 2026 **Writ of Execution** **EJ-130**, Page 2 of 4

EJ-130

Plaintiff/Petitioner:	Calvin J. Creditor	ER:	34-2015-002123456
Defendant/Respondent:	Doug J. Debtor		

Party names and case number

21. The judgment is for *(check one)*:

Check the box that best describes the type of judgment you're enforcing.

a. ☐ wages owed.
b. ☐ child support or spousal support.
c. ☒ personal debt, as defined in Code of Civil Procedure section 683.110(d). (*If this box is checked, the judgment creditor must complete* Declaration of Address Verification *(form WG-015/EJ-135) before asking the sheriff to enforce this writ.*)
d. ☐ other *(describe)*:

22. ☐ A joint debtor was declared bound by the judgment under Code of Civil Procedure sections 989 through 994.
a. The joint debtor is *(specify the name, type of legal entity if not a natural person, and last known address of joint debtor)*:

Leave question 22 blank unless you checked the box in question 7.

b. The joint debtor was declared bound by the judgment on *(date)*:
☐ *Check here if you need more space to identify joint debtors or itemize costs against joint debtors. List the additional joint debtors or itemized costs on an attached sheet of paper labeled "Attachment 22."*

23. ☐ This writ is a Writ of Possession or Writ of Sale. Judgment was entered for the following:
a. ☐ Possession of real property: The complaint was filed on *(date)*:
(1) The *Prejudgment Claim of Right to Possession* (form CP10.5) *(check one)*:
(a) ☐ was served in compliance with Code of Ci… …hants, subtenants, named claimants, and other o…
(b) ☐ was NOT served in compliance with Code…
(2) ☐ The unlawful detainer resulted from a foreclosu… …the judgment may file a *Claim of Right to Possessi*… …er returns to effect eviction, regardless of whether a *Prejudg*… …*e Civ. Proc., §§ 415.46 & 1174.3(a)(2).)*

A Writ of Execution is used for a variety of collection methods, so the form includes a variety of questions. If this Writ of Execution will be used to start a Wage Garnishment or Bank Levy, question 23 does not apply, so leave it blank.

(3) *(You must complete this item if you checked 23a(1)(b) or 23a(2)):*
(a) The daily rental value on the date the complaint was filed was $
(b) The court will hear objections to enforcement of the judgment under Code of Civil Procedure section 1174.3 on the following dates *(specify)*:

b. ☐ Possession of personal property.
☐ If delivery cannot be had, then for the value *(itemize in item 23e)* specified in the judgment or supplemental order.
c. ☐ Sale of personal property.
d. ☐ Sale of real property.
e. The property is described ☐ below ☐ on Attachment 23e.

EJ-130

Plaintiff/Petitioner:	Calvin J. Creditor	Party names and case number	ER: 34-2015-002123456
Defendant/Respondent:	Doug J. Debtor		

NOTICE TO PERSON SERVED

WRIT OF EXECUTION OR SALE. Your rights and duties are indicated on the accompanying *Notice of Levy* (form EJ-150).

WRIT OF POSSESSION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY. If the levying officer is not able to take custody of the property, the levying officer will demand that you turn over the property. If custody is not obtained following demand, the judgment may be enforced as a money judgment for the value of the property specified in the judgment or in a supplemental order.

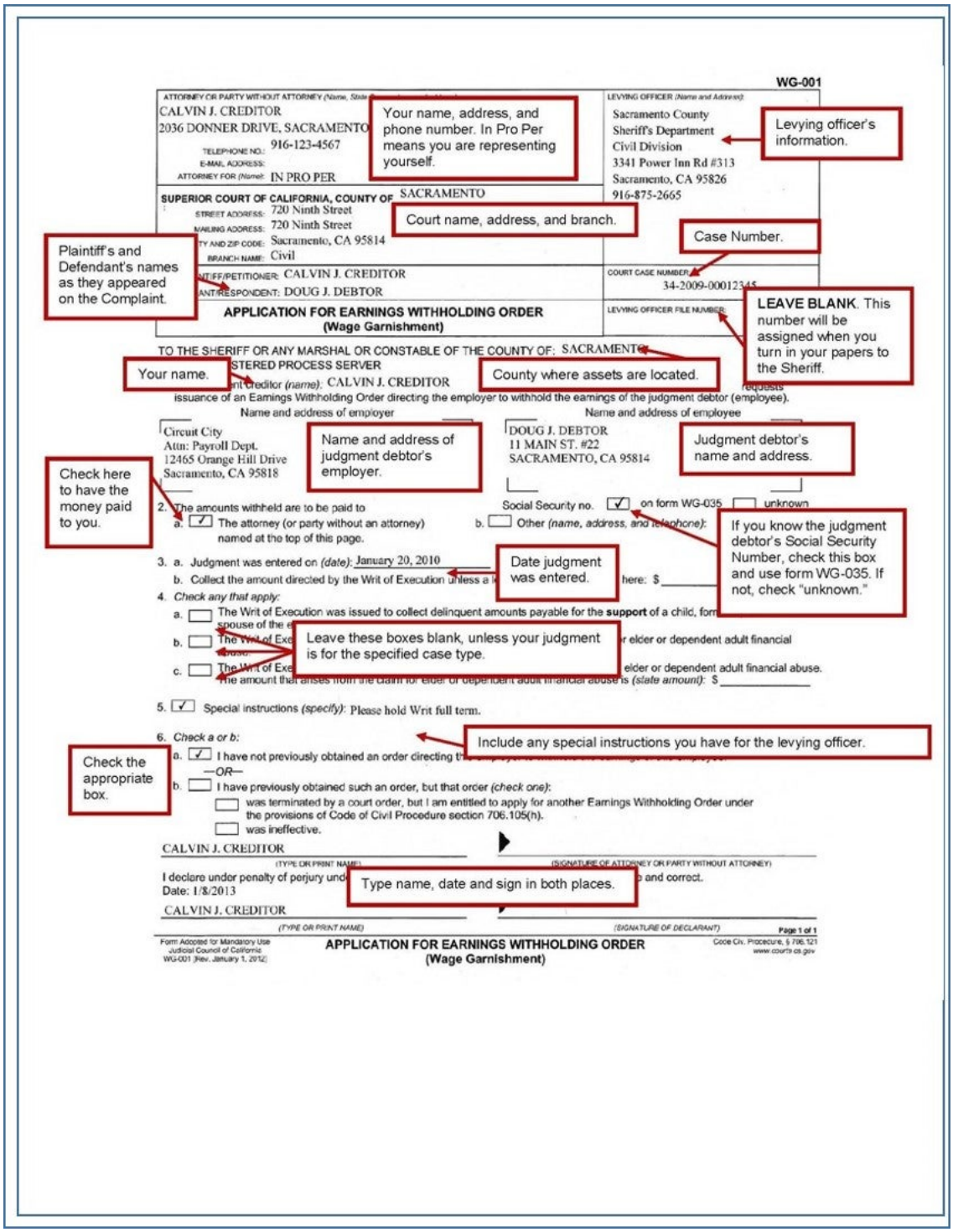
WRIT OF POSSESSION OF REAL PROPERTY. If the premises are not vacated within five days after the date of service on the occupant or, if service is by posting, within five days after service on you, the levying officer will remove the occupants from the real property and place the judgment creditor in possession of the property. Except for a mobile home, personal property remaining on the premises will be sold or otherwise disposed of in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure section 1174 unless you or the owner of the property pays the judgment creditor the reasonable cost of storage and takes possession of the personal property not later than 15 days after the time the judgment creditor takes possession of the premises.

EXCEPTION IF RENTAL HOUSING UNIT WAS FORECLOSED. If the residential property that you are renting was sold in a foreclosure, you have additional time before you must vacate the premises. If you have a lease for a fixed term, such as for a year, you may remain in the property until the term is up. If you have a periodic lease or tenancy, such as from month to month, you may remain in the property for 90 days after receiving a notice to quit. A blank *Claim of Right to Possession and Notice of Hearing* (form CP10) accompanies this writ. You may claim your right to remain on the property by filling it out and giving it to the sheriff or levying officer.

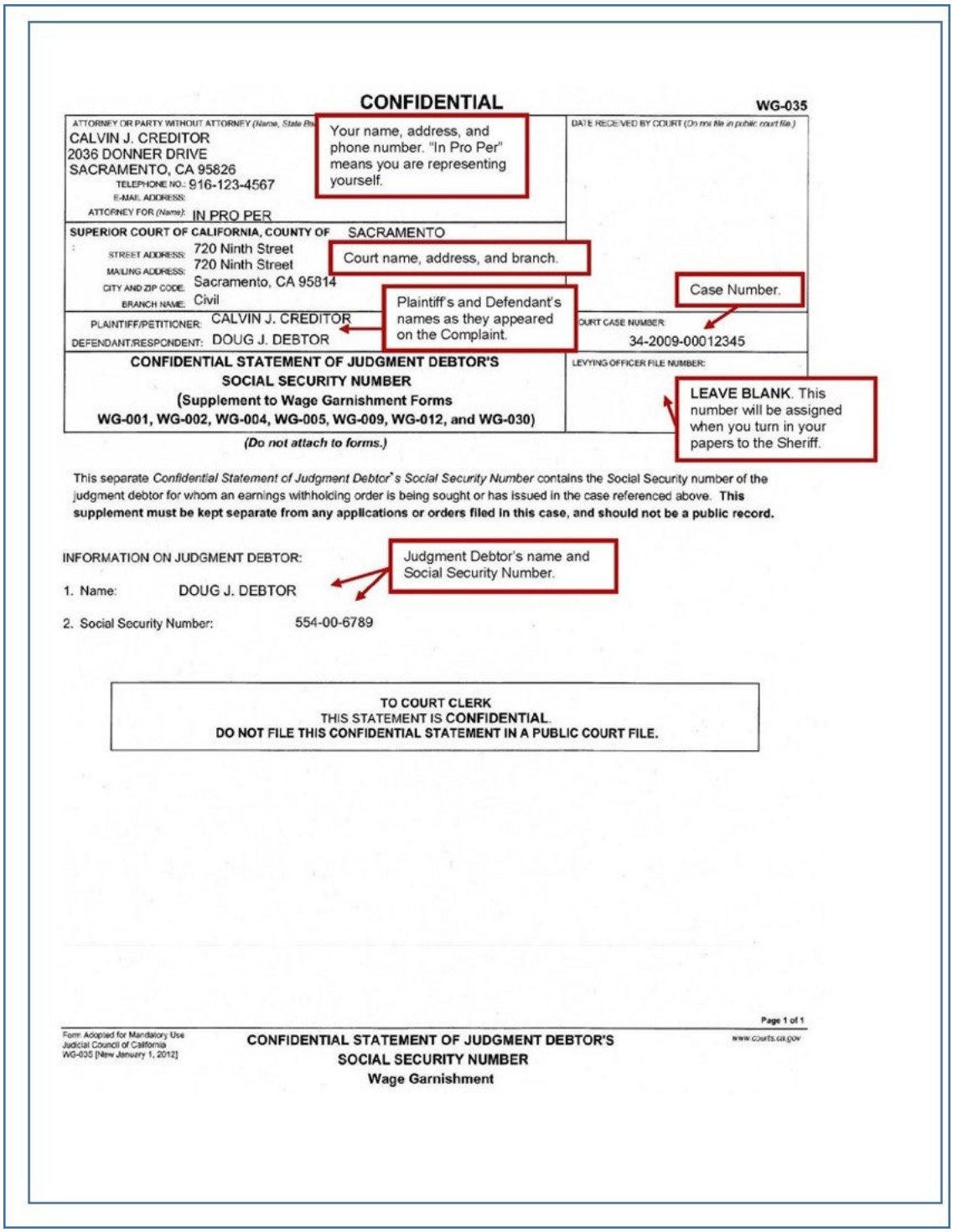
EXCEPTION IF YOU WERE NOT SERVED WITH A FORM CALLED *PREJUDGMENT CLAIM OF RIGHT TO POSSESSION*. If you were not named in the judgment for possession and you occupied the premises on the date on which the unlawful detainer case was filed, you may object to the enforcement of the judgment against you. You must complete *Claim of Right to Possession and Notice of Hearing* (form CP10) and give it to the sheriff or levying officer. A blank form accompanies this writ. You have this right whether or not the property you are renting was sold in a foreclosure.

JUDGMENTS FOR PERSONAL DEBT. If you are the judgment debtor identified in item 4 on this form, and if item 21 on this form says the judgment is for personal debt, the judgment creditor is required to verify your address before asking the levying officer to enforce this *Writ of Execution*. The judgment creditor must give the levying officer a completed copy of *Declaration of Address Verification* (form WG-015/EJ-135) and must file completed form WG-015/EJ-135 with the court within 10 business days of giving a copy of the form to the levying officer. If the judgment creditor doesn't take these steps, you can ask the court to stay any wage garnishment order, bank account levy, or other levy related to this *Writ of Execution*. You can use *Application for Stay of Levy or Garnishment* (form WG-017/EJ-137) to ask the court to stay the levy or garnishment until the address verification has been completed.

Application for Earnings Withholding Order



Confidential Statement of Judgment Debtor's Social Security Number



CONFIDENTIAL

WG-035

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar...)
CALVIN J. CREDITOR
2036 DONNER DRIVE
SACRAMENTO, CA 95826
TELEPHONE NO.: 916-123-4567
E-MAIL ADDRESS:
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): IN PRO PER

Your name, address, and phone number. "In Pro Per" means you are representing yourself.

DATE RECEIVED BY COURT (Do not file in public court file.)

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO
STREET ADDRESS: 720 Ninth Street
MAILING ADDRESS: 720 Ninth Street
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Sacramento, CA 95814
BRANCH NAME: Civil

Court name, address, and branch.

Case Number.

PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: CALVIN J. CREDITOR
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: DOUG J. DEBTOR

Plaintiff's and Defendant's names as they appeared on the Complaint.

COURT CASE NUMBER: 34-2009-00012345

LEVYING OFFICER FILE NUMBER:

CONFIDENTIAL STATEMENT OF JUDGMENT DEBTOR'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
(Supplement to Wage Garnishment Forms WG-001, WG-002, WG-004, WG-005, WG-009, WG-012, and WG-030)
(Do not attach to forms.)

LEAVE BLANK. This number will be assigned when you turn in your papers to the Sheriff.

This separate *Confidential Statement of Judgment Debtor's Social Security Number* contains the Social Security number of the judgment debtor for whom an earnings withholding order is being sought or has issued in the case referenced above. **This supplement must be kept separate from any applications or orders filed in this case, and should not be a public record.**

INFORMATION ON JUDGMENT DEBTOR:

Judgment Debtor's name and Social Security Number.

1. Name: DOUG J. DEBTOR
2. Social Security Number: 554-00-6789

TO COURT CLERK
THIS STATEMENT IS CONFIDENTIAL.
DO NOT FILE THIS CONFIDENTIAL STATEMENT IN A PUBLIC COURT FILE.

Page 1 of 1

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use
Judicial Council of California
WG-035 [New January 1, 2012]

CONFIDENTIAL STATEMENT OF JUDGMENT DEBTOR'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
Wage Garnishment

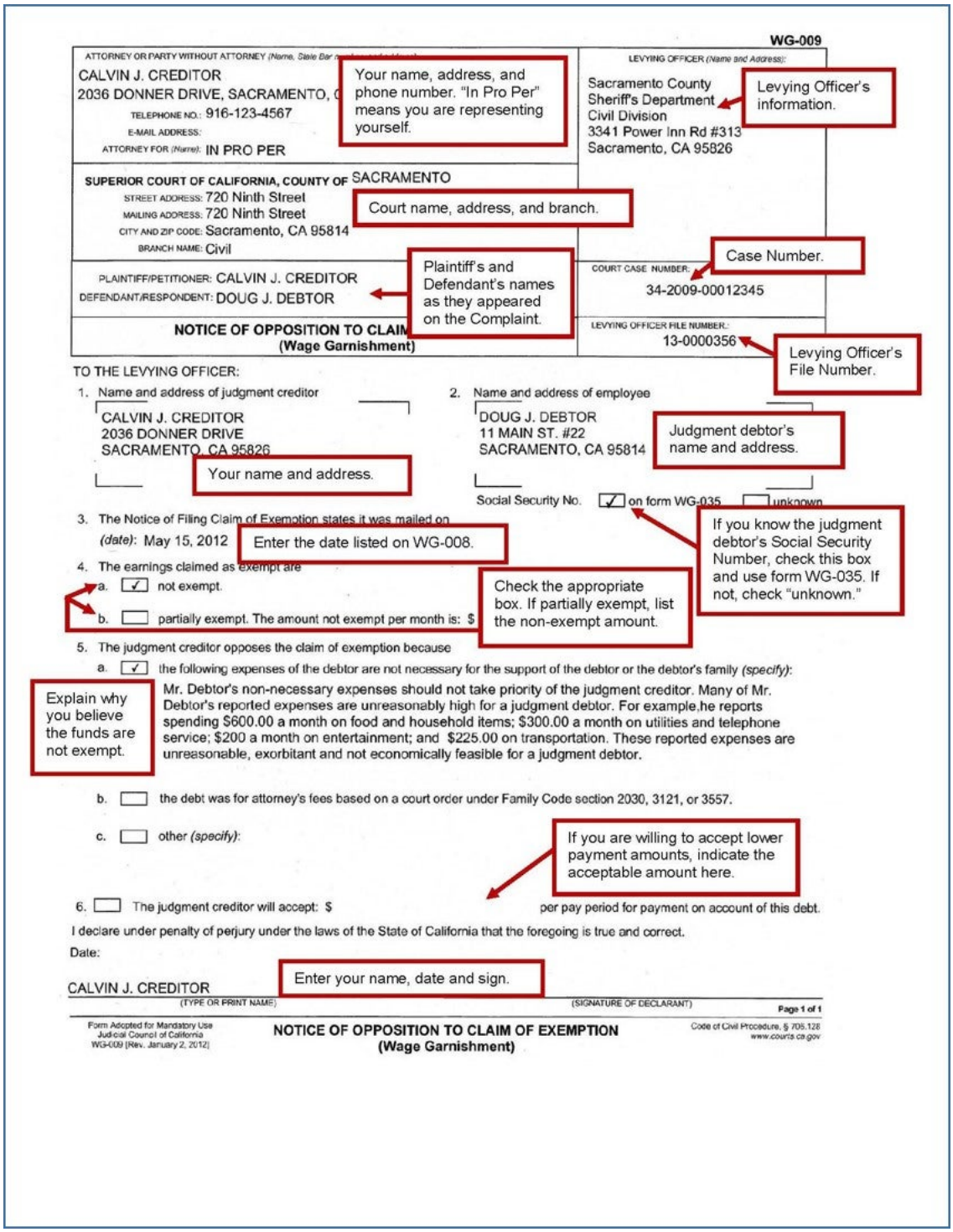
www.courts.ca.gov

Next steps:

After you provide the Sheriff with the Writ of Execution, the Sheriff will provide copies of the additional required documents, including an Earnings Withholding Order (WG-002), Employer's Return (Wage Garnishment) (WG-005), and the Employee Instructions (Wage Garnishment) (WG-003) to the employer.

If the debtor makes a Claim of Exemption, the Sheriff will send you a Notice of Filing of Claim of Exemption along with a copy of the Claim of Exemption (EJ-160) and Financial Statement (EJ-165). If after you review those documents you feel that the claim of exemption is unjustified, you can set a hearing on the Claim of Exemption. Use the Notice of Hearing on Claim of Exemption to notify the debtor.

Notice of Opposition to Claim of Exemption



WG-009

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):
CALVIN J. CREDITOR
2036 DONNER DRIVE, SACRAMENTO, C
TELEPHONE NO.: 916-123-4567
E-MAIL ADDRESS:
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): IN PRO PER

Your name, address, and phone number. "In Pro Per" means you are representing yourself.

LEVYING OFFICER (Name and Address):
Sacramento County
Sheriff's Department
Civil Division
3341 Power Inn Rd #313
Sacramento, CA 95826

Levying Officer's information.

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO
STREET ADDRESS: 720 Ninth Street
MAILING ADDRESS: 720 Ninth Street
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Sacramento, CA 95814
BRANCH NAME: Civil

Court name, address, and branch.

PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: CALVIN J. CREDITOR
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: DOUG J. DEBTOR

Plaintiff's and Defendant's names as they appeared on the Complaint.

COURT CASE NUMBER:
34-2009-00012345

Case Number.

NOTICE OF OPPOSITION TO CLAIM
(Wage Garnishment)

LEVYING OFFICER FILE NUMBER:
13-0000356

Levying Officer's File Number.

TO THE LEVYING OFFICER:

1. Name and address of judgment creditor
CALVIN J. CREDITOR
2036 DONNER DRIVE
SACRAMENTO, CA 95826

Your name and address.

2. Name and address of employee
DOUG J. DEBTOR
11 MAIN ST. #22
SACRAMENTO, CA 95814

Judgment debtor's name and address.

Social Security No. ☑ on form WG-035 ☐ unknown

If you know the judgment debtor's Social Security Number, check this box and use form WG-035. If not, check "unknown."

3. The Notice of Filing Claim of Exemption states it was mailed on
(date): May 15, 2012

Enter the date listed on WG-008.

4. The earnings claimed as exempt are
a. ☑ not exempt.
b. ☐ partially exempt. The amount not exempt per month is: $

Check the appropriate box. If partially exempt, list the non-exempt amount.

5. The judgment creditor opposes the claim of exemption because
a. ☑ the following expenses of the debtor are not necessary for the support of the debtor or the debtor's family (specify):

Explain why you believe the funds are not exempt.

Mr. Debtor's non-necessary expenses should not take priority of the judgment creditor. Many of Mr. Debtor's reported expenses are unreasonably high for a judgment debtor. For example,he reports spending $600.00 a month on food and household items; $300.00 a month on utilities and telephone service; $200 a month on entertainment; and $225.00 on transportation. These reported expenses are unreasonable, exorbitant and not economically feasible for a judgment debtor.

b. ☐ the debt was for attorney's fees based on a court order under Family Code section 2030, 3121, or 3557.
c. ☐ other (specify):

If you are willing to accept lower payment amounts, indicate the acceptable amount here.

6. ☐ The judgment creditor will accept: $ per pay period for payment on account of this debt.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date:

Enter your name, date and sign.

CALVIN J. CREDITOR
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME) (SIGNATURE OF DECLARANT)

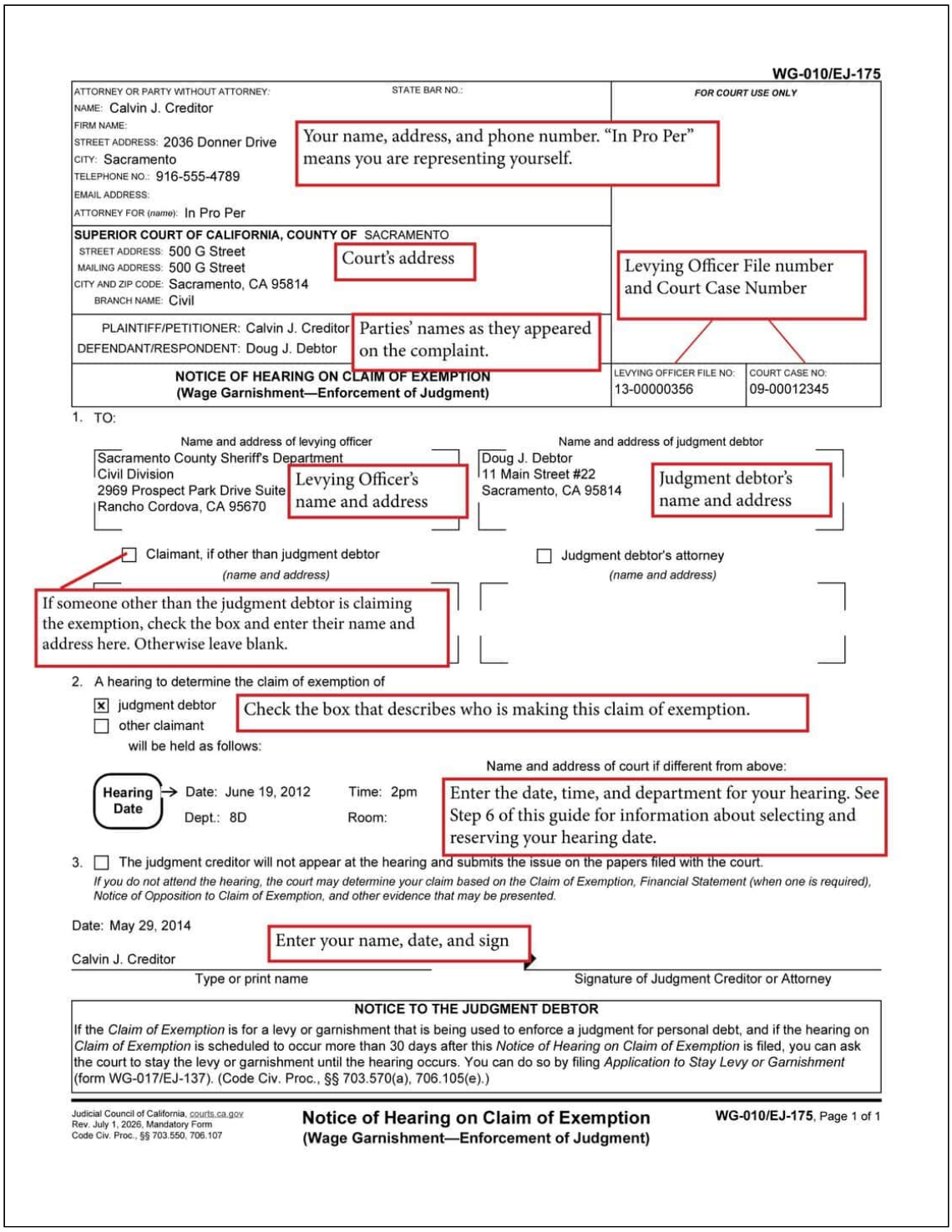
Page 1 of 1

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use
Judicial Council of California
WG-009 [Rev. January 2, 2012]

NOTICE OF OPPOSITION TO CLAIM OF EXEMPTION
(Wage Garnishment)

Code of Civil Procedure, § 705.128
www.courts.ca.gov

Notice of Hearing on Claim of Exemption



WG-010/EJ-175

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY: STATE BAR NO.: — FOR COURT USE ONLY
NAME: Calvin J. Creditor
FIRM NAME:
STREET ADDRESS: 2036 Donner Drive
CITY: Sacramento
TELEPHONE NO.: 916-555-4789
EMAIL ADDRESS:
ATTORNEY FOR (name): In Pro Per

Your name, address, and phone number. "In Pro Per" means you are representing yourself.

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO
STREET ADDRESS: 500 G Street
MAILING ADDRESS: 500 G Street
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Sacramento, CA 95814
BRANCH NAME: Civil

Court's address

Levying Officer File number and Court Case Number

PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: Calvin J. Creditor
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: Doug J. Debtor

Parties' names as they appeared on the complaint.

NOTICE OF HEARING ON CLAIM OF EXEMPTION
(Wage Garnishment—Enforcement of Judgment)

LEVYING OFFICER FILE NO:	COURT CASE NO:
13-00000356	09-00012345

1. TO:

Name and address of levying officer
Sacramento County Sheriff's Department
Civil Division
2969 Prospect Park Drive Suite
Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

Levying Officer's name and address

Name and address of judgment debtor
Doug J. Debtor
11 Main Street #22
Sacramento, CA 95814

Judgment debtor's name and address

☐ Claimant, if other than judgment debtor
(name and address)

☐ Judgment debtor's attorney
(name and address)

If someone other than the judgment debtor is claiming the exemption, check the box and enter their name and address here. Otherwise leave blank.

2. A hearing to determine the claim of exemption of
☒ judgment debtor
☐ other claimant
will be held as follows:

Check the box that describes who is making this claim of exemption.

Name and address of court if different from above:

Hearing Date → Date: June 19, 2012 Time: 2pm
Dept.: 8D Room:

Enter the date, time, and department for your hearing. See Step 6 of this guide for information about selecting and reserving your hearing date.

3. ☐ The judgment creditor will not appear at the hearing and submits the issue on the papers filed with the court.
If you do not attend the hearing, the court may determine your claim based on the Claim of Exemption, Financial Statement (when one is required), Notice of Opposition to Claim of Exemption, and other evidence that may be presented.

Date: May 29, 2014

Enter your name, date, and sign

Calvin J. Creditor
Type or print name

Signature of Judgment Creditor or Attorney

NOTICE TO THE JUDGMENT DEBTOR
If the *Claim of Exemption* is for a levy or garnishment that is being used to enforce a judgment for personal debt, and if the hearing on *Claim of Exemption* is scheduled to occur more than 30 days after this *Notice of Hearing on Claim of Exemption* is filed, you can ask the court to stay the levy or garnishment until the hearing occurs. You can do so by filing *Application to Stay Levy or Garnishment* (form WG-017/EJ-137). (Code Civ. Proc., §§ 703.570(a), 706.105(e).)

Judicial Council of California, courts.ca.gov
Rev. July 1, 2026, Mandatory Form
Code Civ. Proc., §§ 703.550, 706.107

Notice of Hearing on Claim of Exemption
(Wage Garnishment—Enforcement of Judgment)

WG-010/EJ-175, Page 1 of 1

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