

Adding or Changing Names on Property (Completing and Recording Deeds)

Templates and Forms

- [Grant Deed – PDF](https://saclaw.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/form-grant-deed-fillable.pdf) (<https://saclaw.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/form-grant-deed-fillable.pdf>)
- [Quitclaim Deed – PDF](https://saclaw.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/form-quitclaim-deed.pdf) (<https://saclaw.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/form-quitclaim-deed.pdf>)
- [Interspousal Transfer Deed – PDF](https://saclaw.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/form-interspousal-grant-deed.pdf) (<https://saclaw.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/04/form-interspousal-grant-deed.pdf>)

Warning about adding names

- If you are adding someone as part of a credit repair or loan deal, ***it may be a scam.***
- If you add a name or sign a quitclaim deed, **the grantee becomes an owner.** You can't change your mind without their signature.
- If you are adding an heir, you could use a living trust or Transfer on Death Deed instead of making them a joint tenant. This can avoid probate without giving up ownership while you are alive.

Any time owners make a change to the title of real estate, they must record a deed with the County Recorder. This Step-by-Step guide outlines the requirements and provides samples with instructions.

Types of Deeds in California

California mainly uses two types of deeds: the “grant deed” and the “quitclaim deed.” Most other deeds you will see, such as the common “interspousal transfer deed,” are versions of grant or quitclaim deeds customized for specific circumstances. Since the interspousal deed is so commonly requested, we are including a sample in this guide.

Grant deed

A [grant deed](https://saclaw.org/resource_library/grant-deed/) (https://saclaw.org/resource_library/grant-deed/) is used when a person who is on the current deed transfers ownership or adds a name to a deed. The grantor(s) promise that they currently own the property and that

Related Guides

[PCOR Tips:](https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/pcor-tips/)

[\(https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/pcor-tips/\)](https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/pcor-tips/)
All recorded forms must be accompanied by a PCOR (Preliminary Change of Ownership Report). This guide has links to the form and tips on filling it out.

[Affidavits of Death:](https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/affidavits-of-death-transferring-property-without-probate-after-an-owner-dies/)

[\(https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/affidavits-of-death-transferring-property-without-probate-after-an-owner-dies/\)](https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/affidavits-of-death-transferring-property-without-probate-after-an-owner-dies/) If you are transferring Joint Tenancy property, Community Property with Rights of Survivorship, or Transfer on Death Deed property because someone has died, use the Affidavits of Death guide instead of this one.

there are no hidden liens or mortgages.

Quitclaim deed

A **quitclaim deed** (https://saclaw.org/resource_library/quitclaim-deed/) (sometimes misspelled “quick claim”) is used when someone gives up (waives or disclaims) ownership rights in favor of another person. The grantor may or may not be on the current deed. A quitclaim deed is often used in divorces or inheritance situations, when a spouse or heir gives up any potential rights to real estate. The grantor is giving up their *own* rights, if any, but not promising anything else.

Interspousal deed

An **interspousal deed** (https://saclaw.org/resource_library/interspousal-transfer-deed/) is used between spouses or registered domestic partners (“DP”) to change real estate to or from community property. Spouses/DPs can use grant or quitclaim deeds to do the same things, but the interspousal deed makes it clear that the transaction is intended to affect community property rights.

The deed I need is not on your list!

There are many other types of deeds, such as warranty deed, joint tenancy deed, easement deed, trust deed, etc. In some states, these may be considered separate deed types, but in California, these are usually just customized grant deeds.

In a warranty deed, the grantor promises to pay for any lawsuits or damages due to undisclosed ownership disputes. In California, title insurance usually covers such disputes.

Other types of deeds, such as joint tenancy deeds, corporation deeds, easement deeds, or mineral rights deeds, can be created by customizing our grant deed format by downloading the RTF (word processing) version from our website. Consult an attorney or come to the Law Library to research appropriate wording.

Step by Step Instructions

1. Locate The Current Deed For The Property

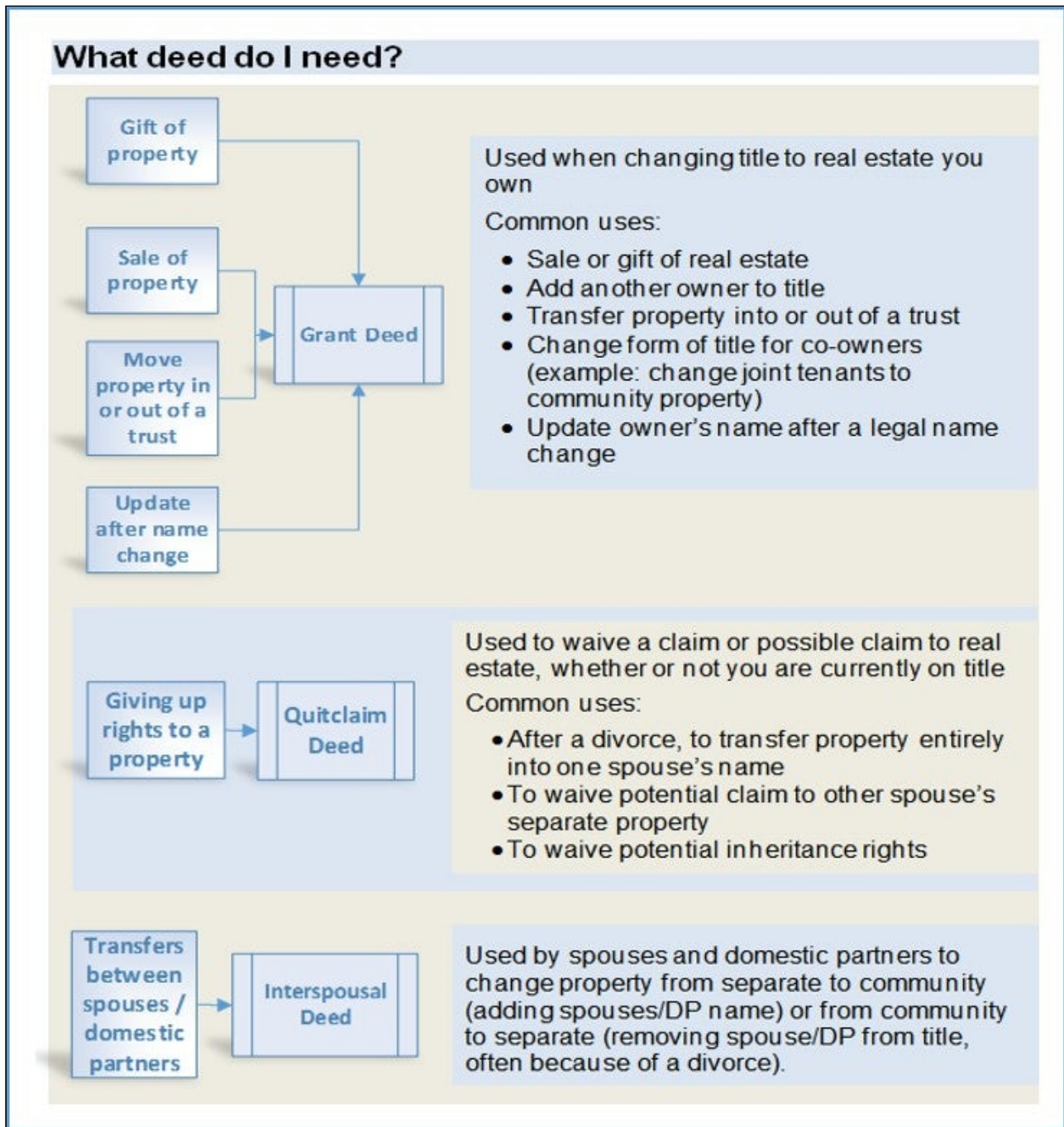
You will need information from the current deed. If you need a copy of the current deed, contact the Recorder’s

Office where the property is located. In Sacramento, call (916) 874-6334.

2. Determine What Type of Deed to Fill Out for Your Situation

To transfer ownership, disclaim ownership, or add someone to title, you will choose between a “grant deed” and a “quitclaim deed.” Spouses/domestic partners transferring property between each other may choose an “interspousal deed.”

Here is a flow chart to help you choose:



3. Determine How New Owners Will Take Title

If there is more than one new owner, you are moving the real estate into or out of a trust, or the new owner is married, the form of title can have important effects.

One, unmarried owner: leave blank

If there is only one new owner, and that person is unmarried, title can usually be left blank, although it doesn't hurt to state something like "a single person" or "a widow" or the like.

More than one owner, owners not married: "Tenants in common" or "joint tenants"

- "Tenants in common" (When one dies, their heirs get their share; probate may be needed. Shares do not need to be equal. Any owner can sell or mortgage their portion.)
- "Joint tenants" (When one owner dies, the other(s) gets their share automatically. Shares must be equal. Any owner can sell or mortgage their portion, but it turns the title into tenants in common.)

If you leave this blank, the default is "tenants in common."

Examples: siblings who inherit property together, business partners, couples who are not married or registered domestic partners (DP).

Owners are married couple: "Community property," "community property WROS," or "joint tenants"

- "Community property" (Both must agree to sell or mortgage the property. At death, a share goes to the surviving spouse/DP and another share to heirs. This will probably require at least a summary probate.)
- "Community property with rights of [survivorship](https://www.saclaw.org/glossary/survivorship/) (WROS)" (Both must agree to sell or mortgage the property. At death, 100% goes to surviving spouse/DP, with no requirement of probate.)
- "Joint tenants" (When one dies, the other(s) gets 100%. Shares must be equal. Either spouse/DP can sell their portion. May receive less favorable tax treatment when first spouse/DP dies.)

If you leave the title line blank, or fill in something like "as husband and wife" or "as domestic partners," it will be treated as "community property" and a share will go to any heirs instead of all to the surviving spouse/DP.

Owner is married, but property not shared: "as sole and separate property"

If only one spouse/DP owns the property (because that person already owned it when they got married, or it was a gift or inheritance), they can make that clear by using the phrase "a married man/woman/person as his/her/their sole and separate property." **Note:** if any money earned during the marriage is spent to purchase,

make mortgage payments, maintain, or improve the house, the community owns a share regardless of what it says on the deed.

Property is being transferred into or out of a trust

Many couples use trusts to hold their property. The contents of a trust are technically owned by the trustees. Therefore, when transferring property into a trust, the grantees are the “[name of trustees], as trustees of the [name of trust] dated [date trust was signed].”

When transferring property out of a trust, the grantors are the trustees, identified the same way.

See “[Forms of Title for Multiple Owners](https://saclaw.org/resource_library/adding-or-changing-names-on-property-completing-and-recording-deeds/#forms_of_title) (https://saclaw.org/resource_library/adding-or-changing-names-on-property-completing-and-recording-deeds/#forms_of_title),” below, for examples of how these are entered onto the deed.

Your choice of title can have many effects later, such as when you sell or refinance, if one owner falls into debt, if one owner dies, or if a couple divorces. Some examples of potential effects are:

- reassessment of property raising annual property taxes (since 2022, parent-child transfers are no longer always immune);
- higher capital gains taxes when an owner sells;
- how the property is divided in a divorce;
- whether the property can be liened or foreclosed on for one of the owners’ debts;
- ineligibility for benefits such as Medi-Cal;
- difficulty refinancing if one owner has bad credit;
- lack of eligibility for a reverse mortgage.

If you have questions about which form of title to use, talk to a family or estate lawyer or research your options at the law library.

4. Fill Out the New Deed (Do Not Sign)

You will find filled-out samples of each type of deed at the end of this guide.

The deed can be filled out online, typed, or neatly written in dark blue or black ink. You will need the following information:

- Assessor’s Parcel Number. (Find this on the current deed.)
- Document Transfer Tax amount or exemption code. (Calculate 1.1% of current market value, or enter applicable exemption.)
- Names of “grantors” (the current owner(s) signing the deed) or of the disclaiming party(ies). (Enter the name(s) as spelled on the current deed.)

-
- Names of “grantees.” (Enter all the intended owners, including any current owners who will still own the property).
Important: If you add a name, that person legally becomes an owner. You cannot change your mind without their signature.
 - Form of title the grantee(s) will use. (If no form of title is entered, this will be “tenants in common” for unmarried owners or “community property” for married couples.)
 - The legal description of the property. (Find this on the current deed.)

5. Grantor(s) Sign in Front of a Notary

The notary will charge a fee for this service. You can find notaries at many banks, mailing services, and title companies.

The new owners do not need to sign.

6. Fill Out the Preliminary Change of Ownership Report (PCOR)

The PCOR is required when property changes hands, to update the tax records. Turn it in at the Recorder’s Office along with the deed. You can download a [Sacramento version of the PCOR](http://www.capropeforms.org/counties/Sacramento/form/BOE-502-A/) (<http://www.capropeforms.org/counties/Sacramento/form/BOE-502-A/>) from Cal Assessor e-Forms. Each county has its own version; contact the assessor’s office in the county where the property is located to obtain the proper form.

7. Record the Deed and File the PCOR at the Recorder’s Office

The Recorder’s Office charges a recording fee (currently \$20/first page plus \$3 for additional pages). Current Sacramento fees are available at the [County Clerk/Recorder’s website](http://www.ccr.saccounty.net/Pages/Fees.aspx) (<http://www.ccr.saccounty.net/Pages/Fees.aspx>). You may also need to pay the Documentary Transfer Tax or a \$75 “Building Homes and Jobs Act” fee.

8. File Reassessment Exclusion Claim, if any, at the Assessor’s Office

When property changes hands, it is reassessed for tax purposes, often causing a sizeable increase in property tax for the new owner.

Certain transfers are excluded from reassessment, including:

- Parent to child or child to parent (“Prop 58 Exclusion” for deaths before 2/15/2022, “Prop 19 Exclusion” for deaths after 2/15/2022)
- Grandparent to grandchild (but not vice versa) (“Prop 58 Exclusion” for deaths before 2/15/2022, “Prop 19 Exclusion” for deaths after 2/15/2022)

- Transfers between spouses or registered domestic partners during marriage or as part of a property settlement or divorce
- Changes in method of holding title that do not change ownership interests (for instance, changing joint tenants into tenants in common)

If your transfer is excluded from reassessment, you may need to file a claim with the County Assessor. For more information in Sacramento, call the Assessor's office (916-875-0750) or visit the [Sacramento Assessor's office website](http://www.assessor.saccounty.net/) (<http://www.assessor.saccounty.net/>).

Common questions when filling out deeds

Some parts of deeds often need more explanation.

Documentary Transfer Tax

When property changes hands, the county charges a one-time tax of \$.55 per \$500 of the value of the real estate (1.1%). Some kinds of transfers are exempt. If yours is exempt, enter the Revenue and Taxation code that provides the exemption, and an explanation, then sign. If yours is not exempt, calculate the dollar amount and write it in.

Common exemption codes and explanations:

- **Gift** (*transferring property, or adding name to property, without compensation*):
Code: "R&T 11911" Explanation: "Gift."
- **Living Trust** (*transfer into or out of revocable living trust*):
Code: "R&T 11930" Explanation: "Transfer into or out of a trust"
- **Name Change** (*confirming name change after marriage or court-ordered name change*): Code: "R&T 11925" Explanation: "Confirming change of name, the grantor and grantee are the same party."
- **Conveyances in dissolution of marriage**:
Code: "R&T 11927" Explanation: "Dissolution of marriage."

Other exemptions may be available. See the list of ["Transfer Tax Exemptions"](http://www.ccr.saccounty.net/Documents/TransferTaxExemptions.pdf) (<http://www.ccr.saccounty.net/Documents/TransferTaxExemptions.pdf>) on the Sacramento Recorder's website.

Building Homes and Jobs Act Fee (SB 2)

There is an additional \$75 fee on mortgage refinances and other real estate transactions that are exempt from Documentary Transfer Tax. Some exceptions apply. Contact your county recorder's office to determine the total amount you will need to pay.

Identifying grantors and grantees

Grantor(s): The current owner or person transferring the property rights or part of the property rights. This is the person or people who will sign this deed.

Grantee(s): List all people who are receiving property rights from the grantor(s). If the grantor is staying on title, be sure to list the grantor's name as one of the grantees also.

It's often helpful to include the grantors' and grantees' marital status.

Forms of Title for Multiple Owners

When there is more than one grantee, you will need to specify the form of title. It can also be helpful to do that if a grantee is a married person or domestic partner.

Here are examples of common title phrases:

- **One owner, not married:** generally no form of title is needed.
- **Tenants in Common:** [Names of the co-owners], as tenants in common. If shares are unequal, specify percent or fraction owned by each.
 - John Doe, A 50% interest, Jeffrey Doe, a 25% interest, and Paula Smith, a 25% interest, as tenants in common
- **Joint tenants:** [Names of co-owners], as joint tenants.
 - John Doe, Jeffrey Doe, and Paula Smith, as joint tenants
- **Community property:** [Names of the spouses/DPs,] "as community property."
 - Pat Jones-Larsen and Jan Jones-Larsen, as community property
- **Community property with right of survivorship:** [Names of the spouses/DPs], "as community property WROS" or "as community property with right of survivorship."
 - Pat Jones-Larsen and Jan Jones-Larsen, as community property with right of survivorship (WROS)
- **Married person as separate property:** [Name of owner,] "a married person, as his/her/their sole and separate property"
 - Pat Jones-Larsen, a married person, as their sole and separate property
- **Property placed into a trust:** [Name(s) of trustee(s)], as trustee(s) of the [name and date of the trust]
 - Janet and Lewis Campbell, as trustees of the Campbell Family Living Trust, dated January 3, 2017
- **Partnership:** [Fictitious business name, if any] or [names of partners], a partnership
 - Elm Street Books, a partnership
 - Janet Smith and Mark Baker, a partnership
- **Corporation or LLC:** [Name of corporation], a [state of incorporation] corporation or [Name of LLC], a [state of registration] limited liability company
 - Acme, Inc., a Delaware corporation

- o Initech, LLC, a California Limited Liability Company

Here is a quick reference chart comparing common forms of title.

What form of title should I use?		
My co-owners and I are not married or registered domestic partners (for example, siblings, business partners, and unmarried couples):		
Choose between:	Who can sell or mortgage the property?	If you die:
"as joint tenants" (shares must be equal)	Any owner can give, sell, or mortgage their share without permission; the new owner is automatically a tenant in common	The other owner(s) get your share automatically Probate? No
"as tenants in common" (shares may be unequal)	Any owner can give, sell, or mortgage their share without permission	You can leave your share to someone else Probate? Probably
We are married (or registered domestic partners) and we own the property together:		
Choose between:	Who can sell or mortgage the property?	If you die:
"as community property with right of survivorship"	Both spouses must sign off on a gift, sale or refinance	Your spouse gets your share automatically Probate? No
"as community property"	Both spouses must sign off on a gift, sale or refinance	You can choose heirs Probate? Probably
We are married (or registered domestic partners), but the property belongs only to me:		
Form of title	Who can sell or mortgage the property?	If you die:
"as a married person as his/her separate property"	You control the property <i>Note: payments or improvements while married may give community a share</i>	Your heirs inherit the property Probate? Probably
I (or we) are putting the property into a living trust:		
Form of Title	Who can sell or mortgage the property?	Effect of death
To the trustee, "as trustee of the _____ Trust, dated _____"	The trustee <i>Note: If you refinance, you may need to take the property out of the trust temporarily</i>	Death of trustee: substitute a new trustee Death of trustor: The trustee distributes property per terms of trust Probate? No

Name Changes: Updating Title after Changing Your Name

If you change your name (by court-ordered name change, marriage, or divorce), deeds made out to your old name should be updated. Make out a new grant deed from yourself ([new name], who acquired title under the former name [old name]) as Grantor to yourself ([new name]) as Grantee. For example:

For a valuable consideration, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, GRANTOR(S) <u>Chris Jones, who acquired title under the former name Chris Smith</u> (owners who are signing deed) hereby grant(s) to GRANTEE(S) <u>Chris Jones</u> (new owners, including current owners if staying on title)
--

Recording a Grant Deed after inheriting property by affidavit

In some situations, after a property owner dies, a new owner receives the property without having to go through probate, just by recording an affidavit. Common examples include people who own the property together as joint tenants or community property with right of survivorship, and people who inherit property via a transfer on death (TOD) deed. For more information, see our guide on [Affidavits of Death: Transferring Property without Probate](https://saclaw.org/resource_library/affidavits-of-death-transferring-property-without-probate-after-an-owner-dies/). (https://saclaw.org/resource_library/affidavits-of-death-transferring-property-without-probate-after-an-owner-dies/)

The new owner removes the prior owner from the deed by filing an Affidavit of Death of Joint Tenant, Affidavit of Surviving Spouse, or Affidavit of Death of Transferor under TOD Deed.

This is legally sufficient to change ownership, but the lack of a deed showing the new owner's name can be confusing and lead to problems when selling or refinancing the property. The new owners can make the chain of title (history of ownership) clearer by recording a Grant Deed showing themselves as the Grantee. Here's how:

Fill out a standard Grant Deed for the property. The new owner will list themselves as both the Grantor and the Grantee. For example, if Chris Jones was a surviving joint tenant on property, after they recorded an Affidavit of Death of Joint Tenant, they could fill out a grant deed like this:

For a valuable consideration, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged,

GRANTOR(S) Chris Leslie Jones

(owners who are signing deed)

hereby grant(s) to GRANTEE(S) Chris Leslie Jones

(new owners, including current owners if staying on title)

Legal Description

This is the full description of the property, not just the address. It may be brief or very long and full of legalese. It must match the current deed **exactly**.

the following real property in the City of Sacramento, County of
Sacramento, California (insert legal description):

Lot 14 of Blackacre Addition to the City of Sacramento, as delineated on the map of said addition, recorded January 30, 1965, in Book 625, Page 013065.

You may want to photocopy the legal description and attach it to the new deed as an exhibit, especially if it is too long to fit on the page.

<p>Recording requested by (name) <u>Pat Jones-Larsen</u></p> <p>When recorded mail to and mail tax statements to <u>Pat Hougan</u></p> <p><u>Pat Jones-Larsen</u> 120 main st. <u>Sacramento, CA 95814</u></p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: right; font-size: small;">Recorder's Use Only</p> <p style="text-align: center;">GRANT DEED</p> <p>Assessor's Parcel No. (APN): <u>123-4567-8900</u></p> <p>Documentary Transfer Tax: \$ <u>0</u> if exempt, enter R&T code: <u>11911</u> Explanation: <u>GR</u></p> <p>Signature of Declarant or Agent determining tax: _____</p> <p>For a valuable consideration, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, GRANTOR(S) <u>Pat Jones-Larsen</u> <small>(owners who are signing deed)</small></p> <p><small>(current owner(s) form of title)</small> hereby grant(s) to GRANTEE(S) <u>Pat Jones-Larsen and Jan Jones-Larsen</u> <small>(new owners, including current owners if staying on title)</small></p> <p><small>(new owners, continued)</small> as <u>community property with right of survivorship (WRoS)</u></p>	<p>Exhibit A</p> <p>Lot 14 of Blackacre Addition to the City of Sacramento, as delineated on the map of said addition, recorded January 30, 1965, in Book 625, Page 013065.</p>
<p>the following real property in the City of <u>Sacramento</u> County of <u>Sacramento</u>, California (insert legal description):</p> <p style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold;">See Exhibit "A"</p>	
<p>Date: _____</p> <p>(Signature of declarant) _____ (Print name) _____</p>	<p>(Signature of declarant) _____ (Print name) _____</p>
Page 1	Page 2

Transfers after probate proceeding (executor's deed)

If a piece of real estate is part of a probate case, once the case is resolved the personal representative (executor or administrator) must record documentation showing that it is now owned by the heir or heirs. They can either:

- record a certified copy of the judge's Order for Final Distribution, or
- record a deed from the personal representative to the beneficiary.

Because the Order is bulky and may have personal and financial information, recording a deed is often

preferred. The deed must reference the legal description of the property, the county and case number of the probate case, and the date and title of the order authorizing distribution, state that there is no representation, warranty, or covenant of any kind, and be signed by the personal representative “as executor or administrator of the Estate of _____.”

Here is example wording of a Deed to Real Property that can be customized to fit your needs. The sample is worded for a probate that includes a will. If your situation does not include a will, you would state that you are “administrator of the estate” instead of “executor of the will.”

I, **Chris L. Jones**, as executor of the will of decedent **Marjorie J. Smith**, pursuant to authority in the **Order of Final Distribution** made on **April 17, 2024** in the matter of the Estate of **Marjorie J. Smith**, Case number **24PR001234**, in the Superior Court of California, for the County of **Sacramento**, | hereby convey to **Chris L. Jones and Robert A. Smith** as **tenants in common**, without any representation, warranty, or covenant of any kind, express or implied, all right, title, and interest of the estate of the decedent at the time of death and all right, title, and interest that the estate may have subsequently acquired in the real property situated in the City of **Sacramento**, County of **Sacramento**, California, commonly referred to as **123 Main St., Sacramento, CA**, more fully described as follows (insert legal description):

For More Information

On the Web

[Sacramento County Clerk-Recorder's Office](http://www.ccr.saccounty.net/) (<http://www.ccr.saccounty.net/>)

Sacramento County Assessor's Office :

- [Change in Ownership Reassessment Exclusions](https://assessor.saccounty.gov/Exclusions/Pages/default.aspx) (<https://assessor.saccounty.gov/Exclusions/Pages/default.aspx>)
- [Proposition 19 \(Changes to Parent/Child and Grandparent/Grandchild Exclusions\)](https://assessor.saccounty.gov/ResourcesForPropertyOwners/Pages/Proposition19.aspx) (<https://assessor.saccounty.gov/ResourcesForPropertyOwners/Pages/Proposition19.aspx>)

DivorceNet: “[Interspousal Transfers vs Quitclaim Deed](http://www.divorcenet.com/resources/divorce/marital-property-division/interspousal-transfer-grant-deeds-vs-quit-claim-deed) (<http://www.divorcenet.com/resources/divorce/marital-property-division/interspousal-transfer-grant-deeds-vs-quit-claim-deed>)”

Self-help information about the differences between these two deeds.

At the Law Library

Deeds for California Real Estate (KFC 170 .Z9 R36, Self-Help)

This book, published by Nolo Press, a respected publisher of self-help legal books, is a guide to choosing the right kind of deed, completing the required forms, and filing them. It also discusses related legal issues such as disclosure requirements, community property issues, and tax and estate planning. It contains forms for most

transfers of property.

Miller & Starr California Real Estate Forms (KFC 140 .M53)

Sections 1:133-1:137 offer language for grant, interspousal, quitclaim, and easement deeds.

California Real Property Practice Forms Manual (KFC140 .A65 C34)

A range of sample forms for specific situations such as easements, mineral rights, and more.

[PCOR Instructions and Tips](https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/pcor-tips/) (https://www.saclaw.org/resource_library/pcor-tips/)

In addition to your deed, you will also need to turn in a PCOR (Preliminary Change of Ownership Report). Download the [Sacramento PCOR](http://www.capropeforms.org/counties/Sacramento/form/BOE-502-A/) (<http://www.capropeforms.org/counties/Sacramento/form/BOE-502-A/>) or obtain it from the county assessor where the property is located (the form is different in each county).

Samples

Below are samples of the deeds discussed in this guide.

Grant Deed

This is the name and address the county will send tax statements to. It does not have to be the same as the owner. For instance, it might be sent to a property manager or trustee.

Recorder requested by (name):
[Name(s) of new owner(s)]

When recorded mail to and mail tax statements to:
[Name(s) of new owner(s)]
[Mailing address of new owner(s)]
[Mailing Address City, State, ZIP]

Filling out Documentary Transfer Tax box:
1: Enter the amount of Doc. Transfer Tax due, or \$0 if exempt.
2: Enter the amount of City Tax you are paying, or \$0 if no city tax applies. (No city in Sacramento County imposes this tax; the City of Sacramento collects a different tax, usually via escrow. Contact the City Finance Department with questions.)
3: Use full value unless the deed documents a foreclosure trustee sale to the creditor secured by the foreclosed deed of trust
4: Check "unincorporated" if the address is located in an area that is not formally organized as a city. Check "city" and fill in the appropriate city if not.
5: If you are claiming an exemption, enter the applicable Cal. Rev. & Tax code in the first line and a brief explanation in the second line. Otherwise leave blank.
6: Signature: You (or your agent, if any) sign the last line.

Recorder's Use Only

GRANT DEED

1 Documentary Transfer Tax: \$ _____
2 City Transfer Tax: \$ _____
3 Computed on full value of property conveyed
 Computed on full value less liens and encumbrances assumed
4 City of _____ Unincorporated
5 If exempt, enter R&T code: _____
6 Explanatory: _____
Signature of Declarant or Agent determining tax: _____

Declaration of Exemption From Gov't Code § 27388.1 Fee

Transfer is exempt from fee per GC § 27388.1(a)(2):
 recorded concurrently "in connection with" transfer subject to Documentary Transfer Tax
 recorded concurrently "in connection with" a transfer of residential dwelling to an owner-occupier
 Transfer is exempt from fee per GC 27388.1(a)(1):
 Fee cap of \$225.00 reached Not related to real property

Assessor's Parcel No. (APN):
[Assessor's Parcel No.]

A \$75 fee is charged for recording most documents that do not pay DTT. Leave this blank unless you qualify for an exemption.

Find this on the current deed.

For a valuable consideration, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged,
GRANTOR(S) [Name(s) of person granting property to new owners]
(owners who are signing deed)
who hold(s) title as [Form of title of person granting property to new owners]
(current owner(s) form of title)
hereby grant(s) to GRANTEE(S) [Name(s) of new owners – include old owner if staying on title]
(new owners, including current owners if staying on title)
[Name(s) of new owners, if second line needed]
(new owners, continued)
as [Form of title of new owners]
(new owner(s) form of title)
the following real property in the City of [city]
County of [county], California (insert legal description)
[Enter legal description as written on most recent deed. If you prefer, type (or photocopy) the description on a separate page labeled "Exhibit A," attach it, and enter "See Exhibit A" in this space].

Examples of grantors and grantees:
•Mary Campbell and John Walsh,
•Than Nguyen, an unmarried woman
•Bob Roberts, as trustee of the Roberts Family Trust dated Jan. 1, 2010

Date: _____

Legal description: Find this on the current deed. If there is room, you can write or type it here, but it may be too long. If so, use the above phrase, then photocopy, write, or type the description from the last deed on a separate paper. Label it "Exhibit A" and attach it after the signature page.

(Signature of declarant)
[Typed or written name]

Sign in front of notary.

(Signature of declarant)
[Typed or written name of second signer, if any]
(Print name)

Sample Grant Deed

Quitclaim Deed

Filling out Documentary Transfer Tax box:

- 1: Enter the amount of Doc. Transfer Tax due, or \$0 if exempt.
- 2: Enter the amount of City Tax you are paying, or \$0 if no city tax applies. *(No city in Sacramento County imposes this tax; the City of Sacramento collects a different tax, usually via escrow. Contact the City Finance Department with questions.)*
- 3: Use full value unless the deed documents a foreclosure trustee sale to the creditor secured by the foreclosed deed of trust
- 4: Check "unincorporated" if the address is located in an area that is not formally organized as a city. Check "city" and fill in the appropriate city if not.
- 5: If you are claiming an exemption, enter the applicable Cal. Rev. & Tax code in the first line and a brief explanation in the second line. Otherwise leave blank.
- 6: Signature: You (or your agent, if any) sign the last line.

Recording requested by (name):
[Name(s) of new owner(s)]

When recorded mail to and mail tax statements to:
[Name(s) of new owner(s)]
[Mailing address of new owner(s)]
[Mailing Address City, State, ZIP]

This is the name and address the county will send tax statements to. It does not have to be the same as the owner. For instance, it might be sent to a property manager or trustee.

Recorder's Use Only

QUITCLAIM DEED

- 1 Documentary Transfer Tax: \$
- 2 City Transfer Tax: \$
- 3 Computed on full value of property conveyed
 Computed on full value less liens and encumbrances assumed
- 4 City of _____ Unincorporated
- 5 If exempt, enter R&T code: _____
Explanation: _____
- 6 Signature of Declarant or Agent determining tax: _____

Declaration of Exemption From Gov't Code § 27388.1 Fee

Transfer is exempt from fee per GC § 27388.1(a)(2):

recorded concurrently "in connection with" transfer subject to Documentary Transfer Tax

recorded concurrently "in connection with" a transfer of residential dwelling to an owner-occupier

Transfer is exempt from fee per GC 27388.1(a)(1):

Fee cap of \$225.00 reached Not related to real property

A \$75 fee is charged for recording most documents that do not pay DTT. Leave this blank unless you qualify for an exemption.

Assessor's Parcel No. (APN):
[Assessor's Parcel No.]

Find this on the current deed.

For a valuable consideration, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged,
[Name(s) of person giving up rights]

(Disclaiming Party(ies)) hereby quitclaim(s) to
[Name(s) of person receiving rights]

(Property Owner(s)) the following real property in the City of [city]
County of [county], California (insert legal description)

Examples of grantors and grantees:
•Mary Campbell and John Walsh,
•Than Nguyen, an unmarried woman
•Bob Roberts, as trustee of the Roberts Family Trust dated Jan. 1, 2010

[Enter legal description as written on most recent deed. If you prefer, type (or photocopy) the description on a separate page labeled "Exhibit A," attach it, and enter "See Exhibit A" in this space].

Legal description: Find this on the current deed.
If there is room, you can write or type it here, but it may be too long. If so, use the above phrase, then photocopy, write, or type the description from the last deed on a separate paper. Label it "Exhibit A" and attach it after the signature page.

(Signature of declarant)
[Typed or written name]
(Print name)

Sign in front of notary.

(Signature of declarant)

(Print name)

* Only disclaiming person(s) must sign.

Sample Quitclaim Deed

Interspousal Deed

Filling out Documentary Transfer Tax box:

- 1: Enter the amount of Doc. Transfer Tax due, or \$0 if exempt.
- 2: Enter the amount of City Tax you are paying, or \$0 if no city tax applies. (No city in Sacramento County imposes this tax; the City of Sacramento collects a different tax, usually via escrow. Contact the City Finance Department with questions.)
- 3: Use full value unless the deed documents a foreclosure trustee sale to the creditor secured by the foreclosed deed of trust
- 4: Check this box if your exemption is due to a divorce or legal separation.
- 5: If you are paying \$0 for another reason, put the Cal. Rev. & Tax code exempting, and brief explanation in the 2nd line. Otherwise leave blank.
- 6: Check "unincorporated" if the address is located in an area that is not formally organized as a city. Check "city" and fill in the appropriate city if not.
- 7: Signature: You (or your agent, if any) sign the last line.

Recording requested by (name)
[Names of owner(s)]

When recorded mail to and mail tax statements to:
[Names of owner(s)]
[Mailing address of]
[City, state, zip]

Recorder's Use Only

INTERSPOUSAL TRANSFER DEED

(Excluded from reappraisal under California Constitution, Article 13A, Section 1, et seq.)

<p>1 & 2 Docu. Trans. Tax: \$ 1 City Trans. Tax: 2</p> <p>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Computed on full value of property conveyed</p> <p>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Computed on full value less liens and encumbrances assumed</p> <p>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Exempt pursuant to R&T § 11027(a), transferring assets between spouses pursuant to or in contemplation of a court judgment or order</p> <p>6 <input type="checkbox"/> Other exemption: R&T Code _____</p> <p>7 Explanation: _____</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Unincorporated <input type="checkbox"/> City of _____</p> <p>Signature of Declarant or Agent determining tax _____</p>	<p>Declaration of Exemption From GC § 27388.1 Fee</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Transfer is exempt from fee per GC § 27388.1(a)(1)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Transfer is subject to Documentary Transfer Tax</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> transfer of residential dwelling to owner-occupier</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Transfer is exempt from fee per GC 27388.1(a)(1)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> \$225.00 fee cap <input type="checkbox"/> Not related to real property</p>
--	--

Assessor's Parcel No. (APN):
[Assessor's Parcel Number]

This is an interspousal transfer and not a change in ownership under Section 63 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. Grantee has checked the applicable exclusion from reappraisal:

Transfer to a trustee for the beneficial use of a spouse, or the surviving spouse of a deceased transferor, or trustee of such a trust to the spouse of the trustor.

Transfer which takes effect upon the death of a spouse.

Transfer to a spouse or former spouse in connection with a property settlement agreement or decree of a marriage or legal separation.

Creation, transfer, or termination, solely between spouses, of any co-owner's interest.

Distribution of the legal entity in separation.

Other: _____

Check when creating separate property interest in grantee spouse: It is the express spouse of the grantee, to convey all right, title and interest of the grantor, community or other described property to the grantee as his/her sole and separate property.

GRANTOR(S) **[name of spouse(s) giving up rights]**
grant(s) to GRANTEE(S) **[name of receiving spouse(s)]**
[form of title new owner(s) will use] (form of title) the f
the City of **[city name]**, County of **[county name]**

(insert legal description): **See attached exhibit "A."**

Date: _____

(Signature of declarant)
[name of first signer]
(Print name)

Date and sign in front of notary.

Date: _____

(Signature of declarant)
[name of second signer, if any]
(Print name)

Legal description: Find this on the current deed. If there is room, you can write or type it here, but it may be too long. If so, use the above phrase, then photocopy, write, or type the description from the last deed on a separate paper. Label it "Exhibit A" and attach it after the signature page.

Sample Interspousal Transfer Deed

Date Created
03/20/2025